

POLAR 350 50W Desktop Laser EngraverUser Manual





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For a .pdf copy of the latest version of this manual, use the appropriate app on your smartphone or other engraver to scan the QR code to the right.

For helpful hints and instructional videos, join us at our official laser group on Facebook and visit our channel on YouTube or visit the company forums at **omtechlaser.com**! If you encounter any problem regarding your engraver, do not hesitate to contact customer service with your order number at **support@omtechlaser.com**. Our teams will respond within 24 hours to make things right. You can also reach us at (949) 438-4949.



Thank you and we hope you will choose us again for all your laser needs!





Thank you for choosing the OMTech Polar 350 as your new laser engraver!

This CO₂ laser is intended for personal and professional use. When used as instructed, the Polar 350 is a Class 1 laser system but the active laser is invisible and must be used with great care to avoid serious property damage and severe personal injury. It works by emitting a powerful laser beam from a glass tube filled with carbon dioxide, nitrogen, and insulating gases; reflecting that beam off three mirrors and through a focal lens; and using this focused light to etch designs into a wide variety of materials including wood and cork, paper and cardboard, most plastics, glass, cloth and leather, and stone. It can also be used with some specially coated metals. With low intensity use, the provided tube has an average lifespan around 10,000 hours before requiring replacement. However, constantly running your laser above 70% of its rated power can significantly shorten its service life.

Read this manual before use, keep it for future reference, contact OMTech customer service if any point is unclear, and provide it with the machine if it is ever given or sold to another person.

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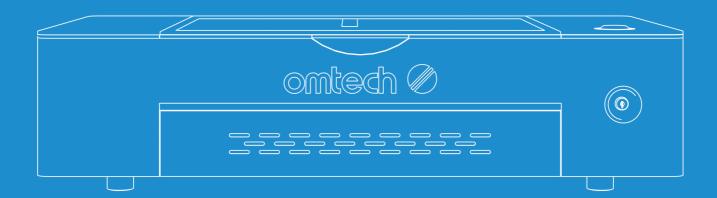
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Safety Information

Disclaimer

Your engraver may differ somewhat from those shown in this manual due to options, updates, etc. Please contact us if your engraving machine comes with an outdated manual or if you have any other questions.

Symbol Guide

The following symbols are used on this machine's labeling or in this manual:



These items present a risk of serious property damage or personal injury.



These items address similarly serious concerns about the laser beam.



These items address similarly serious concerns about electrical components.



These items address similarly serious concerns about fire hazards.



These items address pinching and crushing hazards.



Protective eyewear should be worn by anyone around this machine during operation.



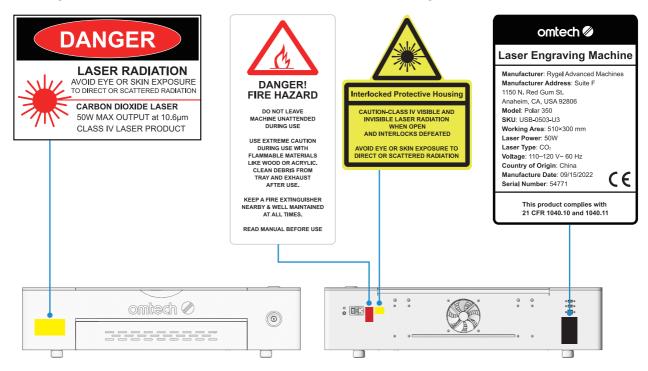
This product is sold in conformity with applicable EU regulations.



This product contains electrical components that should not be disposed of with regular garbage.

General Safety Instructions

• Your engraver should come with instruction labels in the following locations.



If any of these labels is missing, illegible, or damaged, it must be replaced.

- Use this laser engraving engraver only in accordance with all applicable local and national laws and regulations.
- Use this engraver only in accordance with this instruction manual and the manual for the
 engraving software included with it. Only allow this engraver to be installed, operated,
 maintained, repaired, etc. by others who have also read and understood both manuals. Ensure
 that this manual and the software manual are both included with this engraver if it is ever given
 or sold to a third party.
- **DO NOT** operate this engraver with its cooling liquid hotter than 104°F (40°C). If this temperature is ever approached, stop using the laser but allow the exhaust and water-cooling systems to continue running to clear and cool the machine.
- DO NOT leave this engraver unattended during operation. Observe the engraver throughout the operation and, if anything seems to be operating strangely, immediately cut off ALL power to the machine and contact either our customer service or your dedicated repair service. Similarly, ensure the engraver is FULLY turned off (including using the emergency stop switch) after each use.



• **DO NOT** allow minors, untrained personnel, or personnel suffering from physical or mental impairment that would affect their ability to follow this manual and the software manual to install, operate, maintain, or repair this engraver.

Safety Information

- Any untrained personnel who might be near the engraver while it is in operation MUST be informed that it is dangerous and fully instructed on how to avoid injury during its use.
- ALWAYS keep a fire extinguisher or other flame-retardant system nearby in case of accidents.
 Ensure that the local fire department's phone number is displayed nearby. In the case of a fire,
 cut electrical power before dousing the flame. Familiarize yourself with the correct range for
 your extinguisher before use. Take care not to use the extinguisher too close to the flame, as its
 high pressure can produce blowback.

Laser Safety Instructions

When used as instructed, this machine comprises a Class 1 laser system safe for users and bystanders. However, the invisible engraving laser, the laser tube, and its electrical connections remain **extremely** dangerous. Used or modified without care, they can cause serious property damage and personal injury including but not limited to the following:

• The laser will easily burn nearby combustible materials

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• Direct exposure to the laser will cause bodily harm including serious burns and irreparable eye damage

As such,

- **DO NOT** modify or disable this engraver's provided safety features. Do not modify or disassemble the laser and do not use the laser if it has been modified or disassembled by anyone except trained and skilled professionals. Dangerous radiation exposure and other injury may result from the use of adjusted, modified, or otherwise incompatible equipment.
- **NEVER** leave any part of the engraver open during operation except (when needed) the pass-through doors. Never interfere with the laser beam, do not place any part of your body in any part of the laser path during operation, and never attempt to view the laser directly. When using the pass-through doors or otherwise risking exposure to the laser beam, take measures to protect yourself from potentially reflected laser beams including the use of personal protective equipment such as protective eyewear specially designed to filter the specific wavelength of your engraver's laser with an optical density (OD) of 5 or higher.
- **DO NOT** stare or allow others to stare continuously at the laser beam during operation even when the cover is closed and/or wearing protective eyewear. Exercise caution with the red dot positioning light as well, as its direct beam is a Class 2 laser in its own right.
- **ONLY** use this engraver if its automatic shutoffs are working properly. When you first get this engraver and if you subsequently notice any problems, test them (see §Initial Testing on Page 35) before undertaking any other work. Do not continue use if the shutoffs do not occur. Turn off the engraver and contact customer service or your repair service. Never disable these shutoffs.



- **DO NOT** ever under **ANY** circumstances use this laser engraver if the water-cooling system is not working properly. Always activate the water-cooling system and visually confirm that water is flowing through the entire system before turning on the laser tube. Immediately stop use if the water-cooling system malfunctions.
- **DO NOT** use generic antifreeze in your cooling water, as they may leave corrosive residues and solidify inside your hoses and piping, causing malfunctions and even explosions. Use custom laser-safe formulations or use and store your engraver in a climate-controlled area.
- **DO NOT** leave potentially combustible, flammable, explosive, or corrosive materials nearby where they could be exposed to the direct or reflected laser beam.
- **DO NOT** use or leave sensitive EMI equipment nearby. Ensure the area around the laser is free of strong electromagnetic interference during any use.
- ONLY use this machine for working the materials described in the Material Safety section of this manual. The laser settings and engraving process must be properly adjusted for specific materials.
- Ensure the area is kept free of other airborne pollutants, as these might pose a similar risk of reflection, combustion, etc.

Electrical Safety Instructions

- **ONLY** use this engraver with a compatible and stable power supply with less than **5**% fluctuation in its voltage.
- **DO NOT** plug the engraver and chiller into the same circuit or connect other engravers to the same circuits that they will use, as this laser system is extremely powerful and will require its full amperage. If no other engravers are on the same circuits, the laser and chiller can work on standard **20 A, 110 V** circuits, and the external fan can be plugged into the engraver or use the same circuit as the water chiller. If it is necessary to run the laser, the water chiller, and the external fan all on the same circuit, its wiring will need to be specially prepared to handle at least **35 A** of current at **110 V**.



- **DO NOT** use standard surge protectors, extension cords, or power strips. Only use additional wiring thick enough to safely handle the full load of the machine.
- **ONLY** turn on the power to this engraver when it is well grounded, either via a firm connection to a 3-prong outlet or via a dedicated grounding cable firmly connected to the proper slot on the engraver. Do not use an ungrounded 3-to-2 prong adapter. The engraver's grounding should be checked regularly for any damage to the line or loose connections.
- The area around this laser engraving engraver should be kept dry, well-ventilated, and environmentally controlled to keep the ambient temperature between 40–95°F (5–35°C). For best results, keep the temperature at 75°F (25°C) or below. The ambient humidity should remain between 5–90%.



Safety Information

- **DO NOT** drain or fill the integrated water tank while it is connected to its power supply. Disconnect the chiller and the laser from power before adjusting the cooling liquid level. Do not allow any electronic component to become wet and, if any accidentally does become wet, leave the entire system disconnected from power until all components are fully dry.
- Adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the electrical components of this engraver must be done
 ONLY by trained and skilled professionals to avoid fires and other malfunctions, including potential
 radiation exposure from damage to the laser components. Because specialized techniques are
 required for testing the electrical components of this marking system, it is recommended such
 testing only be done by the manufacturer, seller, or repair service.
- Unless otherwise specified, **ONLY** undertake adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the engraver when it is turned off, disconnected from its power supply, and fully cooled. For maximum safety, wait about 3 minutes after turning the machine off before adjusting the integrated chiller or other electronic parts. This will allow time for the ground connection to clear any residual charge.

Material Safety Instructions

- Users of this laser engraving machine are responsible for confirming that the materials to be
 processed can withstand the heat of the laser and will not produce any emissions or byproducts
 either harmful to people nearby or in violation of local or national laws or regulations. In
 particular, do not use this engraver to process polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Teflon, or other halogencontaining materials under any circumstances.
- Users of this laser engraver are responsible for ensuring that every person present during
 operation has sufficient PPE to avoid injury from the emissions and byproducts of the materials
 being processed. In addition to the protective laser eyewear described above, this may require
 goggles, masks or respirators, gloves, and other protective outer clothing. Always wear hand
 protection when working with metal to avoid cuts and burns.
- **DO NOT** ever under **ANY** circumstances use this laser engraver if the exhaust system is not working properly. Always ensure that the exhaust fan can remove the dust and gas produced by the engraving process in accordance with all applicable local and national laws and regulations. Immediately stop use if the exhaust fan or vent hose malfunctions. Periodically check the air assist intake filter to ensure it stays free of any dust or debris.
- ALWAYS use the correct laser nozzle and work mode for your application. When using this engraver to cut or engrave metal, use the proper laser nozzle with a secure connection to a supply of pure oxygen pressurized to 75–145 psi (5–10 bars). Exercise EXTREME caution around pressurized oxygen, which can cause many materials to spontaneously burst into flame or even explode. NEVER use pressurized oxygen for engraving ANY nonmetallic substances. Do not smoke or allow any form of open flame or flammable aerosols nearby, and maintain all hoses and connections with extreme care.





- ALWAYS use clean and properly fastened equipment for your oxygen. Have your tanks tested for
 safety at least every few years and ALWAYS keep them well secured, safe from any possibility of
 falls or impacts. Store any unsecured tanks horizontally against a wall away from any foottraffic.
- DO NOT use this engraver to cut highly reflective metals such as aluminum, titanium, or copper.
- Exercise special caution when working with moderately conductive materials such as carbon steel and stainless steel, as prolonged work can build up residual heat and reflective dust and particles that may damage electrical components, cause short circuits, or produce other effects including reflected laser radiation.

This machine can be safely used with the following materials:

Plastics

- Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)
- Nylon (Polyamide, PA, etc.)
- Polyethylene (PE)
- High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE, PEHD, etc.)
- Biaxially-oriented Polyethylene Terephthalate (BoPET, Mylar, Polyester, etc.)
- Polyethylene Terephthalate Glycol (PETG, PET-G, etc.)
- Polyimide (PI, Kapton, etc.)
- Polymethyl Methacrylate (PMMA, Acrylic, Plexiglass, Lucite, etc.)
- Polyoxymethylene (POM, Acetal, Delrin, etc.)
- Polypropylene (PP, etc.)
- Styrene

Other

- Cardboard
- Ceramics, including Dishes, Tile, etc.
- Glass
- Leather
- Some metals, including carbon steel and stainless steel, when properly configured
- Paper & Paperboard
- Rubber
- Stone, including Marble, Granite, etc.
- Textiles, including Cotton, Suede, Felt, Hemp, etc.
- Wood, including Cork, MDF, Plywood, Balsa, Birch, Cherry, Oak, Poplar, etc.

See §Instructions for Specific Materials on Page 61 for the recommended parameters for the most commonly engraved materials.



Safety Information

This machine **CAN NOT** be used with the following materials or with any materials that include them:

- Artificial Leather containing Hexavalent Chromium (Cr [VI]), due to its toxic fumes
- · Astatine, due to its toxic fumes
- Beryllium Oxide, due to its toxic fumes
- Bromine, due to its toxic fumes
- Chlorine, including Polyvinyl Butyral (PVB) and Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC, Vinyl, Sintra, etc.), due to its toxic fumes
- Fluorine, including Polytetrafluoroethylenes (Teflon, PTFE, etc.), due to its toxic fumes
- lodine, due to its toxic fumes
- Some metals, including aluminum, titanium, and copper, due to their high reflectivity
- Phenolic Resins, including various forms of Epoxy, due to their toxic fumes
- Polycarbonate (PC, Lexan, etc.), due to its toxic fumes

For all other materials, if you are unsure about its safety or laserability with this engraver, seek out its material safety data sheet (MSDS). Pay special attention to information about safety, toxicity, corrosiveness, reflectivity, and reaction(s) to high heat. Alternatively, contact our support department for further guidance.



Disposal Safety Instructions



Electrical products should not be disposed of with household products. In the EU and UK, according to the European Directive 2012/19/EU for the disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation in national laws, used electrical products must be collected separately and disposed of at the collection points provided for this purpose. Locations in Australia, Canada, and the United States may have similar regulations. This engraver's R-410A refrigerant also requires special handling for reuse or legal disposal. Contact your local authorities or dealer for advice.



Introduction

General Information

This manual is the designated user guide for the installation, setup, safe operation, and maintenance of your cabinet laser engraver. It is divided into several chapters covering general information, safety instructions, installation steps, operation and adjustment instructions, maintenance procedures, and contact information.

ALL personnel involved in the installation, setup, operation, maintenance, and repair of this machine should read and understand this manual, particularly its safety instructions. Some components are extremely high voltage and/or produce powerful laser radiation. Substandard performance and longevity, property damage, and personal injury may result from not knowing and following these instructions.

Your laser engraver works by emitting a powerful laser beam from a glass tube filled with excited carbon dioxide (CO_2), catalyzing nitrogen (N_2), and insulating gases, reflecting that beam off three mirrors and through a focus lens, and using this focused light to etch designs into certain substrates. The active laser is invisible to the human eye. This device should never be used while any cover or access panel is open to avoid potentially permanent injury. When its pass-through is used, care should be taken to avoid possible reflective rays.

The laser tube typically travels along the Y axis during engraving. The first mirror is fixed near the left end of the laser tube, the second mirror is fixed nearby, and the third mirror is attached to the laser head that travels along the X axis. The first and second mirrors are located within protective housing but, because dust is generated by the engraving process, the 2nd mirror's window, the 3rd mirror, and the focus lens require frequent cleaning.

With low-intensity use, the provided laser tube has an average lifespan of around 11,000 hours before requiring replacement. However, constantly running your laser above 70% of its maximum rated power can significantly shorten its service life. It is recommended to use settings from 10–70% of the maximum rated power to enjoy optimal performance and longevity.

The cover's viewing window naturally absorbs most reflected beams from the high infrared laser but it is NOT otherwise protected against it. Protective eyewear should ALWAYS be used by EVERYONE present when the laser is active. Such eyewear should be at least OD6 at the laser's main wavelength of 10.6 microns.

The integrated water-cooling system must be used with this engraver to dissipate the heat produced by the laser tube. Similarly, the provided exhaust system must be used in conjunction with an external vent or dedicated air purifier to remove the dust and gases produced by the engraving process and ensure compliance with laws and regulations for workplace and environmental air quality. Never operate the engraver without both of these systems operating properly.

Note that this device broadcasts signals in the radio spectrum as part of its wireless connectivity. Special shielding or equipment may be necessary



Designated Use

The Polar 350 is intended for use in engraving signs and other consumer products on applicable substrates. This laser can process a wide variety of materials including wood and cork, paper and cardboard, most plastics, glass, cloth and leather, and stone. It can also be used with some specially coated metals. Use of this system for non-designated purposes or materials is not permitted.

The system must be operated, maintained, and repaired by personnel familiar with the field of use and the dangers of the machine and the material being engraved including its reflectivity, potential for creating harmful or combustible fumes, and so on.

Laser beams are dangerous. The manufacturer and/or seller bear(s) no responsibility and assume(s) no liability for any improper use of this engraver or any damage or injury arising from such use. The operator is obliged to use this cabinet laser engraver only in accordance with its designated use, the other instructions in its manuals, and all applicable local and national laws and regulations.



Engraving System Introduction

Specifications

Model		Polar 350		
Input Power		AC 230 V, 50 Hz		
Power Consumption		600 W		
Rated Power		50 W		
Expected Service Life at <40% / 40–70% / >70	0% Power	11,000 / 10,000 / 8,00	0 hr.	
Laser Wavelength		10.6 µm (10,600 nm)		
Laser Tube	Diameter	2.2 in.	55 mm	
Laser Tube	Length	35 in.	900 mm	
Mirror	Diameter	0.8 in.	20.5 mm	
MILLOI	Thickness	0.12 in.	3 mm	
	Diameter	0.6 in.	15.5 mm	
Focus Lens	Thickness	0.08 in.	2 mm	
	Focal Length	2 in.	50.8 mm	
Honeycomb Workbed I	Dimensions	22.5×13.2×0.9 (in.)	571×336×22 (mm)	
	Standard (L×W)	20.1×11.8 (in.)	510×300 (mm)	
Drocossing Area	Trayless (L×W)	13.7×8.2 (in.)	350×210 (mm)	
Processing Area	Rotary 1 (L×D)	0-9.4×2.4-2.9 (in.)	0-240×60-75 (mm)	
	Rotary 2 (L×D)	0-9.4×1.2-2.3 (in.)	0-240×30-60 (mm)	
Max. Processing Speed		19.6 ips	500 mm/s	
Rec. Processing	X Axis	196 ips²	5000 mm/s²	
Acceleration	Y Axis	118 ips²	3000 mm/s²	
Max. Material	Standard	0.67 in.	17 mm	
Thickness	Without Workbed	2 in.	51 mm	
Max. Resolution		1000 dpi		
Min. Letter Size		0.04×0.04 in. 1×1 mm		
Mainboard		Ruida 6442S (RDC6442S-B)		
Integrated	Capacity	1.5 L		
Water Pump	Flow Rate	540 L/hr.		

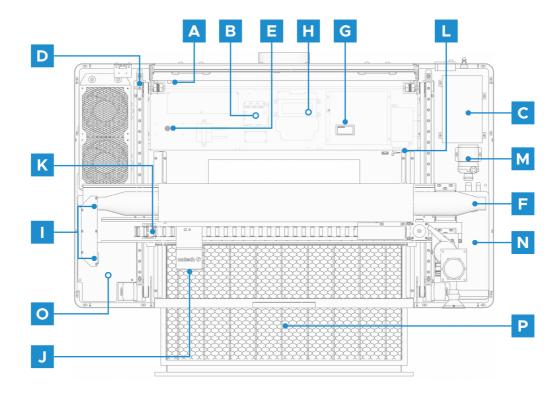


Integrated	Port Diameter	0.4 in.	10 mm	
Air Assist	Air Flow	18.8 cfm	533 L/min.	
	Max. Resolution	5 MP		
Integrated Digital Camera	Field of View	20.1×11.8 (in.)	510×300 (mm)	
	Accuracy	±0.04 in.	±1 mm	
	Rated Power	60 W		
External Exhaust Fan	Port Diameter	5.9 in.	150 mm	
	Air Flow	282/353 (cfm)	480/600 (m³/hr.)	
Req. Operating	Humidity Range	20–85 (%)		
Environment	Temp. Range	40–104 (°F)	5-40 (°C)	
Compatible Operating Software		CADLaser, CorelLaser, LightBurn, RDWorks		
Dimensions		38.2×22.3×9.2 (in.)	970×565×234 (mm)	
Net Weight		104 lb.	47 kg	



Components

Top View



А	Rotary Plug	This small aviation plug connects to the provided rotary axes to provide them with power and command signals.
В	Wifi Card	The 2.4 GHz wireless terminal device located behind the central part of the rear panel provides wifi connectivity for your engraver.
С	Laser Power Supply	This device transforms standard electricity into the extremely high voltage charge necessary for the laser tube.
D	Y-Axis Rail	The Y-axis rail supports the movement of the laser tube and the X-axis rail up and down the workbed.
Е	Rotary Switch	This switch directs the mainboard and power supply to provide power and commands to the Y-axis rail (Standard) or to a rotary axis (Rotary) connected to the rear aviation plug.
F	Laser Tube	This CO ₂ -filled glass tube is mounted beside the X-axis rail within a protective housing. They normally move together along the Y-axis rail. The laser's connection to its power supply is extremely high voltage and extremely dangerous.
G	Ammeter	This digital display provides the current of the laser in milliamps (mA).
н	Air Assist	This small air compressor directs pressurized air through a narrow tube to the laser head. To minimize noise, it only activates with the laser.

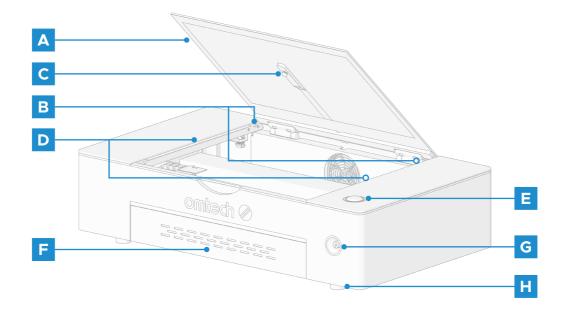


1	1st & 2nd Mirrors	This small air compressor directs pressurized air through a narrow tube to the laser head. To minimize noise, it only activates with the laser.
J	Laser Head	The laser head holds the 3rd mirror, focus lens, and air assist outlet and directs the laser beam down into your materials. Its components are normally protected by a rectangular shell that locks magnetically into place.
K	X-Axis Rail	The X-axis rail supports the movement of the laser head left and right across the workbed. When using either of the rotary axes, this rail should be positioned to connect the matching arrows.
L	Tray Interlock	This switch stops your laser when the debris tray is removed. For pass-through and rotary engraving, close this switch using the nearby bracket.
М	Water Pump	This pump circulates your water or laser-safe coolant through the laser tube to keep it cool and stable.
N	Water Tank	This tank helps keep your laser tube cool and stable. It arrives full of OMTech antifreeze but can also be replaced with distilled water.
0	Mainboard	This circuit board located under the left panel controls the engraving process, responding to commands from your computer's engraving software. It has a total memory of 128 MB, about 95 MB of which is available to store designs.
Р	Honeycomb Workbed	The workbed supports your material up to 0.59 inches (15 mm) thick while allowing effective airflow. It can also be removed to fit thicker materials or to use the rotary axes. There are vertical and horizontal inch and cm rulers on opposite sides of the bed.



Components

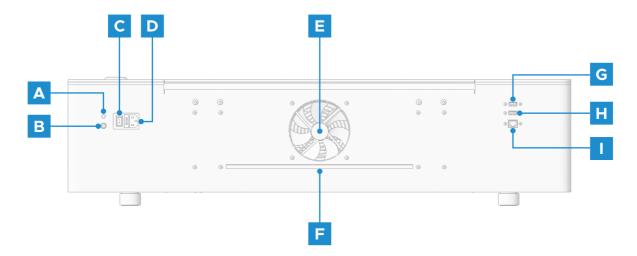
Front View



А	Cover	This acrylic window allows you to monitor the engraving process, absorbing most reflected laser beams. However, always use protective eyewear when observing the active laser and never stare at it for extended periods.				
В	Cover Interlocks	These switche	s automatically paus	e work if the	cover is opened.	
С	Camera	This fisheye ca	nmera helps you posi	ition your de:	signs precisely.	
D	LED Light Strips	These integrat	ed lights help keep y	our workbed	d easy to see.	
E Start Button and Laser Status		This button can be used to pause and restart engraving or to repeat the previously loaded design with its former settings. To start a new design or engrave with adjusted settings, use your software's commands. The ring around the button changes color to indicate your engraver's current status: Blue				
		Status Color	Green	Meaning	Ready to Work Error or Malfunction	
		This travels as		an dobric afte		
F	Debris Tray	This tray is easily removable to clean debris after use and to install or remove the honeycomb workbed. It can also be left open to function as the front pass-through.				
G	Lagar Vay	This lock turns the laser power supply on and off, helping ensure that only approved operators can use your laser.				
	Laser Key	only approved	operators can use y	our laser.		



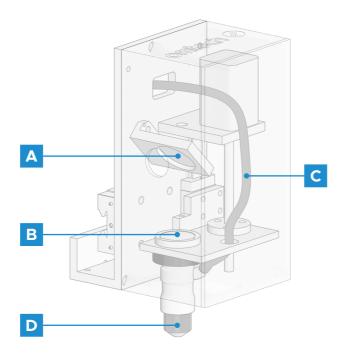
Rear View



А	Beam Attenuator	This dial provides a master power control for your engraver. It should be turned completely clockwise to enable your software to use the engraver's full power range.
В	Remote Interlock Connector	This port functions as a second key necessary to activate the laser tube. Insert the provided switch to enable the laser or remove it to completely disable the laser.
С	Power Switch	This switch turns on the engraver's mainboard, cooling system, LED lighting, and wireless card and places the exhaust fan and air assist into standby mode, ready to activate with the laser. It should always be turned off between sessions.
D	Power Socket	This socket connects to your main power supply and grounds your machine's electronic components.
Е	Exhaust Fan	This fan pulls out gases and airborne debris from the workbed, sending it through your vent to a window or air purifier.
F	Rear Pass-Through	This door can be unsealed to allow larger pieces of material to be fed into or across the workbed. Additional care must be taken to avoid exposure to the laser beam and its reflections when it is open.
G	Camera Port	This USB port connects the engraver's camera to your control computer and engraving software.
н	Computer Port	This USB port connects the engraver's mainboard to your control computer and engraving software.
1	Ethernet Port	This port allows a fast connection between the engraver's mainboard and your control computer either directly or via the internet.

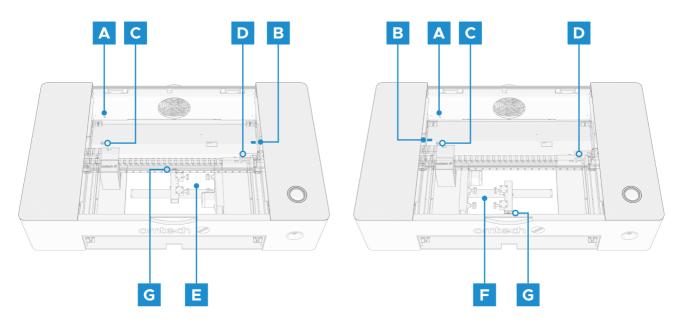
Components

Laser Head



А	3rd Mirror	This fixed mirror transfers the laser from the 2nd mirror at the end of the X-axis rail downward to the focus lens.
В	Focus Lens	This 15.5 mm lens directs and focuses the laser beam to its point of contact with your material.
С	Air Assist	This tube provides the pressurized air from its compressor to kill sparks and minimize dust and gases.
D	Laser Beam	The engraving laser itself is invisible but highly dangerous. Avoid any direct exposure to your skin or eyes.

Rotary Axes



А	Rotary Aviation Plug	This plug should be covered during normal engraving. When you use the rotary axes, the 4-pin connection will power and direct the rotary motor.
В	Alignment Arrows	These arrows indicate the correct position of the laser and the X-axis rail for use with Rotary Axis 1 (on the right) or Rotary Axis 2 (on the left).
С	Rotary Switches (covered)	These switches redirect power and control from the Y-axis motors to the rotary axis connection and back again.
D	Tray Interlock	This switch must be held closed by the nearby bracket during rotary engraving. Remember to reenable the switch by removing the bracket after your work. This is the only safety feature that should ever be circumvented. You will need to disable this switch—located at the back right side of the main bay near the ammeter—when engraving thick materials or while using the front pass-through or the rotary axes.
E	Rotary Axis 1	This four-wheel rotary axis is installed into the bottom left corner of the open bay as shown. The arrow at the end of the laser tube casing should be aligned with the arrow marked 1 on the right side.
F	Rotary Axis 2	This four-wheel rotary axis is also installed into the bottom left corner of the open bay as shown but the arrow at the end of the laser tube casing should be aligned with the arrow marked 2 on the left side.
G	Height Adjustment Knob	Turn this knob to adjust the height of the right-side wheels when it is necessary to create a level surface while engraving conical objects.

Package List



Item	Name				
1	4-wheel Rotary Axes with Its Aviator Connection Cord 2				
2	Rotary Cable			1	
3	60W Duct Fan			1	
4	Fan Remote			1	
5	Adapter Ring			1	
6	Exhaust Pipes			2	
7	Hose Clamps			3	
8	Main Power Cord			1	
9	Ethernet Cable	Ethernet Cable 1			
10	USB Cable			2	
11	Big Storage Box:	a b c d e f g h i j	1×Cotton Swab 1×Height Ruler 1×Focal Ruler 2×Laser Key 1×Interlock Connector 1×Set of Hex Wrenches Target Discs O-Rings 1×Reference Board 1×USB Drive With Engraving Software 1×Marker	1	
12	Small Storage box: 4×110V/20A Fuses			1	
13	3 mm Basswood, Card	boar	d, and Acrylic Blank	5	
14	Straps 2			2	



Installation

Installation Overview

A complete working system consists of the laser engraving machine, its integrated air assist and water pump, its vent and exhaust fan, its control computer, all applicable connection cables, the interlock connector, and the laser key. The engraver can receive designs and commands from the control computer directly from its USB cable or remotely from its wireless network or ethernet cable. It can also store some design files on its circuit board. The designs can be applied to flat surfaces resting on the honeycomb workbed or to round surfaces supported on one of the provided rotary devices. Users can configure other additional accessories (such as a fume extractor) to suit their needs.



Use only the hardware, wiring, and power sources that came with or are compatible with this engraver. Installing equipment that your engraver is not designed to work with can lead to poor performance, shortened service time, increased maintenance costs, property damage, and personal injury.

Note the specific requirements of your system's installation. Every customer must understand these notes before installation to execute a proper setup and achieve safe laser performance. If you have any installation questions or problems, contact our technicians and customer support team.

Any auxiliary equipment must be adjusted to the base machine. Queries may be directed to the dealer or manufacturer of such equipment.

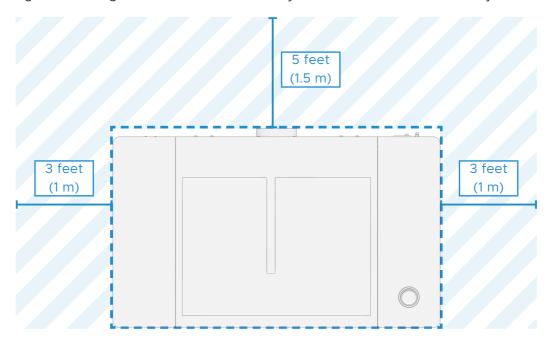
Selecting a Location

Before you install your engraver, select an appropriate location for its use.

- Be sure that it meets all of the requirements discussed in §Safety Information on Page 1.
- The location should be stable, level, dry, and climate-controlled to provide an ambient temperature of 40–104°F (5–40°C) and an ambient humidity between 20–90%. In particular, the temperature and humidity together should not be close to the dew point. It is also advisable to use a windowless room or to use blinds and/or curtains to avoid exposure to the potential additional heat of direct sunlight.
- The location should be free of dust and other airborne pollutants, and it should be well-ventilated enough to process any fumes produced by the engraving process in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Depending on the materials to be processed, this may require the construction of a dedicated ventilation system.
- The location should be away from children; sensitive EMI engravers; and any combustible, flammable, explosive, or corrosive materials.



- The power cord should be plugged into a compatible and stable power source via a grounded 3-prong outlet. No other item should be drawing current from the same circuit. There should be firefighting equipment nearby and the local fire department's phone number should be clearly displayed.
- It is highly recommended to have an extra work table nearby to avoid placing objects on or directly adjacent to the engraver, which could become a fire or laser hazard.
- Provide 5 feet (1.5 m) of clearance behind the engraver for the fan and 3 feet (1 m) of clearance to the right of the engraver for the electronic bay's fans for maximum efficiency.



Unpacking and Checking

Your engraver should have arrived in a wooden crate with its accessories (including this manual) packaged inside. You should place the crate in a spacious flat area for unpacking, ideally near where you plan to operate the machine permanently. Use at least two people to move and adjust the engraver's position to help keep it level and avoid any sharp or sudden movement.

- 1. Open the top of the crate, take out the rotary package, and remove the surrounding foam insulation.
- 2. Carefully remove the other packaging and foam insulation from the sides and set them aside. With at least one other person, use the two straps around the engraver to lift it out of the crate and move it to a sturdy table or countertop.
- 3. Carefully remove the straps and plastic packaging from around the engraver.



Installation

4. Open the cover and take out all the parts.

Make sure that you have received all listed accessories in the package list. (See §Package List on Page 19)

5. Carefully remove any remaining interior packaging and stays—including the strap around the laser head—and set them aside.

The laser tube is a highly fragile object and should be handled delicately and as little as possible.

- 6. Pull out the debris tray and honeycomb bed.
- 7. Place the side of the honeycomb with the unit you prefer to use facing up and slide it into place.

 The honeycomb bed has inch and metric rulers on opposite sides.
- 8. Slide the tray back in underneath it.



Never attempt to place or remove the honeycomb bed through the main cover. Always remove it along with the debris tray instead.

You may keep the packaging in case of future return but, if you dispose of it or any accessories, be sure to do so in compliance with applicable waste disposal regulations.

Installing the Exhaust System

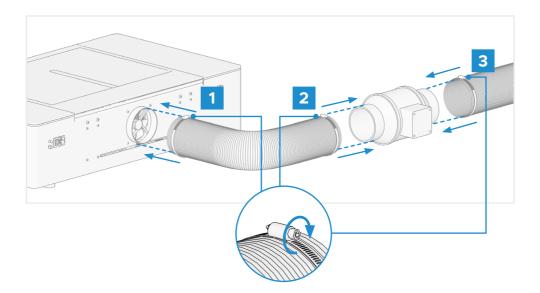
The provided duct pipes extend to a total length of 16' 4" (5 m). Plan out the route that they will take from your engraver's fan to a dedicated purifier or—if your engraving fumes and debris will not be hazardous and meet local and national air safety standards—to any window or exterior vent. Generally speaking, the straighter you can keep the pipes between your engraver and their outlet, the better your system's ventilation will be and the less quickly dust and debris will build up within the pipes over time.

To install the duct fan:

- 1. Position the inline fan behind your engraver in the correct direction.
- 2. Slide a Ø120 hose clamp onto one end of the Ø120 mm, 3 m long exhaust hose. Use it to firmly connect the engraver's exhaust port and the hose.
- 3. Slide the other Ø120 hose clamp onto the other end of the exhaust hose and slide the adapter ring onto the fan, heating it if necessary. Use the clamp to firmly connect the fan inlet and the hose.
- 4. Slide a Ø150 mm hose clamp onto one end of the Ø150 mm, 2 m long hose. Use it to firmly connect the fan outlet and the hose.



- 5. Place the other end of the hose out a door, window, and so on, or—if there will be any harmful byproducts produced as you engrave— connect the hose to a dedicated fume extractor.
- 6. Seal all seams and connections tightly.
- 7. Plug the fan into a grounded outlet. Use a circuit different from the one the engraver will be on.





NEVER operate the laser if the exhaust system is not removing the fumes and dust produced by your materials out of your work area. Always research materials before use and never operate the laser on any (such as PVC, Teflon, and other halogen-containing substances) that can produce corrosive, hazardous, or even deadly fumes.

Installation

Inspecting the Cooling System



The provided water pump is essential to your engraver's performance and longevity. When this laser works without a properly maintained cooling system, its glass tube **WILL** crack from excess heat.



NEVER adjust the water level within the tank while it and the laser are connected to power.

Open the cover and confirm that the plastic tank to the right of your main bay is full. The integrated water pump should arrive with about 1.5 L of OMTech coolant already in place. This should not require replacement during the first year of service, but refill it if the tank ever seems below two-thirds full before activation.

- 1. Flip the engraver's main power switch.
- 2. Insert and turn the laser key.
- 3. Confirm that the coolant begins to flow out of its tank, through the laser tube, and back into the tank.
- 4. Turn the laser key back and power off the engraver.

Inspecting the Air Assist System

Your air assist should also arrive preinstalled and correctly wired. Confirm that pressurized air begins to blow from the laser head when the engraver is connected to power and turned on.



If any tubing or wiring needs to be adjusted or reconnected, turn off the machine and disconnect it from power before making any such adjustment.

Control System Setup

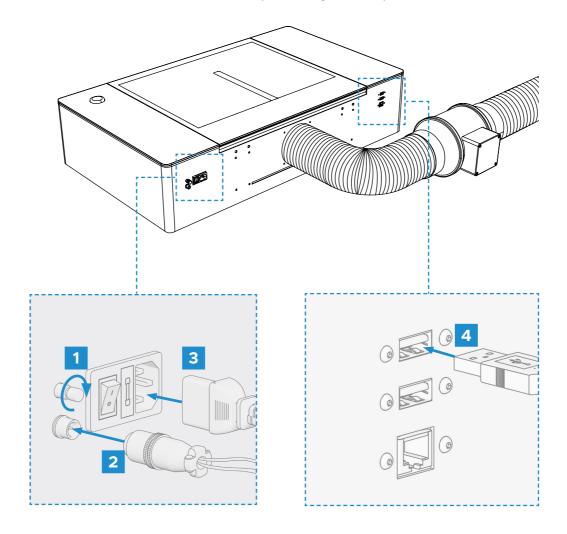
- 1. Confirm the beam attenuator is turned fully clockwise.
- 2. Plug in the interlock connector.
- 3. Plug the engraver into a grounded outlet or into a surge protector rated over 2000J that is itself connected to a grounded outlet. Use a dedicated circuit with no other devices on it.

Confirm that the voltage on the label above the laser's power socket matches your local power supply.



Poor grounding **WILL** cause equipment failure and create a serious electrical shock hazard. The manufacturer and/or seller bear(s) no responsibility and assume(s) no liability for any damage, accidents, or injuries caused by bad grounding connections.

4. Use one USB cable to connect the camera port and your computer.



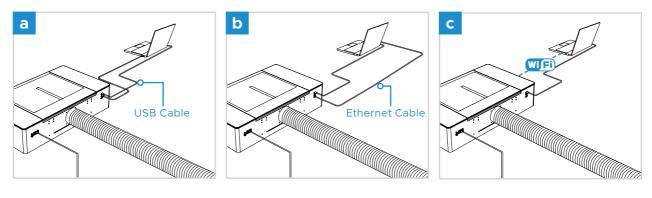


Installation

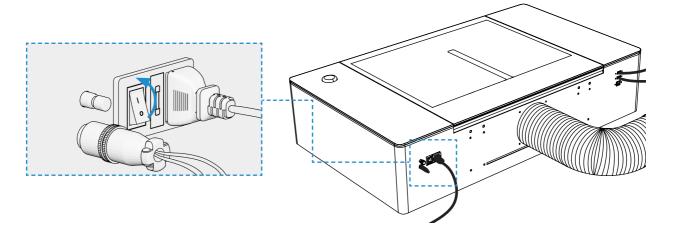
5. Connect the engraver and computer.

Use any of these 3 ways:

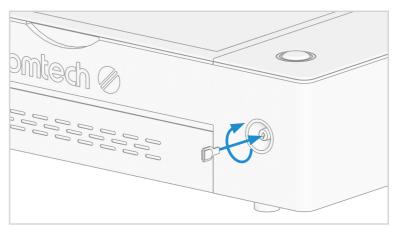
- a) Use the other USB cable to connect the main engraver port to your computer.
- b) Connect the engraver and computer via the ethernet cable.
- c) Connect your engraver and computer through wi-fi.



6. Turn on the power switch.



7. Turn the laser key clockwise.



Wi-Fi Setup

1. Check your local wi-fi networks to see if "Polar350" already exists. If so, log into it using the default password 123456abc.

If it is not there, you may need to reconfigure your own device's TCP/IP address. The default address of the Polar 350's wireless network is 192.168.1.100. You will need to set your computer's network to use a similar but not identical address.

- Use 192.168.1 for the first three sections and a unique value for the last section. Typically, any value from 2-252 except 47 and 100 should be fine but avoid any values already used by your other networked devices.
- Use the subnet mask 255.255.255.0.

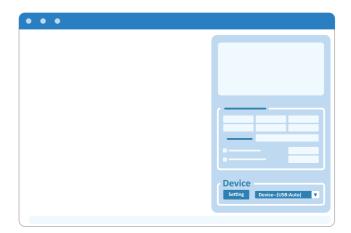




2. Enable wireless control in RDWorks by going to **Device** on the lower right side of the main interface.

If it is not visible, remove the other menus above it until it becomes visible.

For LightBurn and other software setup, contact Customer Service, visit the OMTech website, or see our YouTube channel.





Installation

- 3. Add a device.
 - a. Select **Setting** and then **Add**.
 - b. Toggle the selection to **Web**.
 - c. Enter the IP address 192.168.1.100 if it is not automatically generated.
 - d. Select OK.



4. Exit to the main interface, confirming and saving your changes.

You can now use the dropdown menu in the **Device** area to switch between using the cable connection (USB: Auto) and the wireless connection (IP:192.168.1.100).



Software Setup

 Transfer the copy of Ruida's RDWorks and its instruction manual from the provided USB to your computer.

You can also download the latest version of RDWorksV8 from Ruida's website at www.rdacs.com/en or from us at www.omtechlaser.com/pages/software-download.

For LightBurn and other software setup, contact Customer Service, visit the OMTech website, or see our YouTube channel.



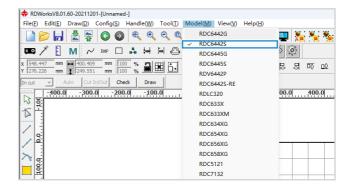


2. Double click the "RDWorksV8Setup 8.01.60-20211201.rar", and then "RDWorksV8 Setup8.01.60-20211201.exe" to install the software.



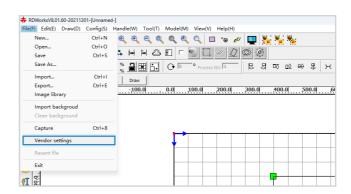
The software version number and release date may differ depending on the engraving machine.

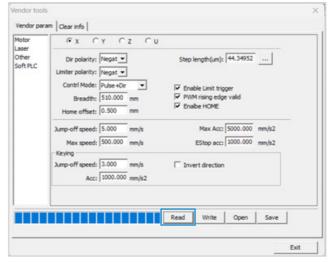
Press ALT+M ("Model") and make sure the model is RDC6442S.



- 4. Configure the manufacturer parameters.
 - a. Press ALT+F ("File") and select Vendor Settings. Enter the default password "rd8888".

b. Click Read.

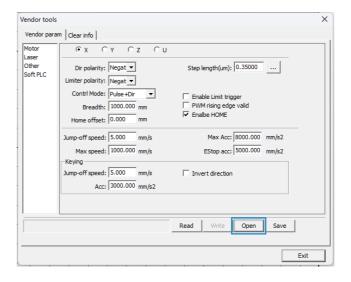




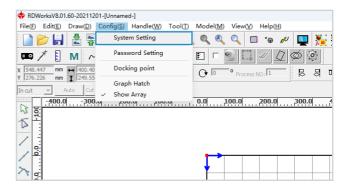


Installation

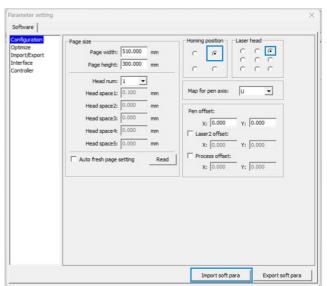
- c. Click **Open** and then load the settings file "Manufacturer_parameters.RDVSet" from the USB.
- d. Click **Write** to save the parameters and then click **Exit**.



- 5. Configure the software parameters.
 - a. Press ALT+S ("Config") and select System Settings.



b. Click **Import Soft Para** and load the file "Software_parameter.cfg".



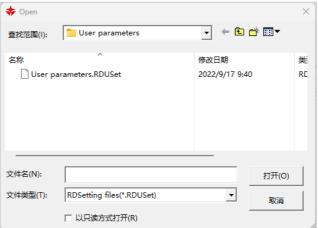


- 6. Configure the user parameters.
 - a. On the **System Work Platform** on the upper right side of the main interface, change the tab from **Work** to **User**.
 - b. Click Read.



45.0" 50.0" 55.0"

- c. Click **Open** and then load the file "User_parameters.RDUSet".
- d. Click **Read** to save the parameters.



Work Output Doc User Test Transform

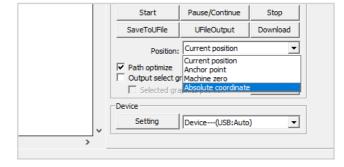
3000.000

Idle speed(mm/s) Idle Acc(mm/s2)

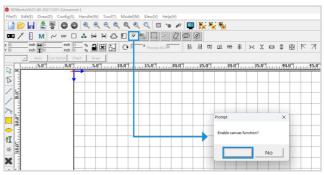


Installation

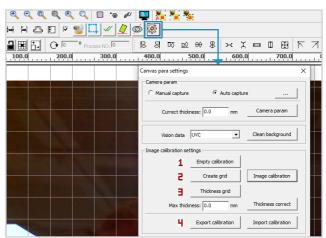
- 7. Configure the camera.
 - a. On Laser Work at the lower right side of the main interface, change the Position value from Current Position to Absolute Coordinates.



b. On the Canvas Tools toolbar, click the unlabeled check box to enable the canvas function and controls.

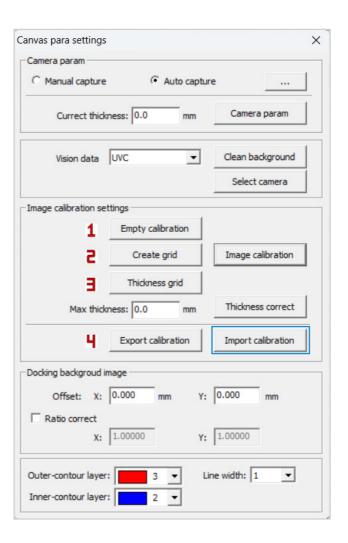


 Click on the gear icon nearby to open the Canvas Para Settings submenu.



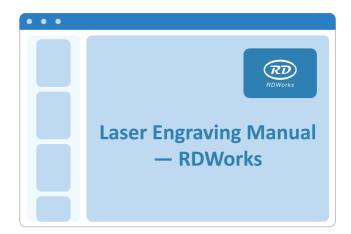


d. Click **Import Calibration** and load the file Camera_calibration_file.calx.



8. Now the software is correctly configured for your engraver. Turn off your engraver if you are not going to use it.

Familiarize yourself with your software's image design and laser control features before using them to operate the laser.



Initial Testing



Wear safety glasses during the entire test process!

Because of the risk of blindness, burns, and other injuries from direct exposure to the invisible engraving beam, this device shuts off the laser automatically when any one of its protective interlocks is triggered.

Interlock Testing

Because of the risk of blindness, burns, and other injury from direct exposure to the invisible engraving beam, this device shuts off the laser automatically when parts of its protective housing are opened.

Cover Shutoff (Interlock)

Because of the risk of blindness, burns, and other injury from direct exposure to the invisible engraving beam, this engraver also shuts off the laser automatically when the protective cover is raised during operation.



Always make sure the path is clear between the laser and its target.

Never allow foreign objects between the laser and the material being engraved. Take care not to leave any part of your body in the laser path when it is in operation.

You should test that the cover shutoffs activate properly before conducting any other work on your machine.

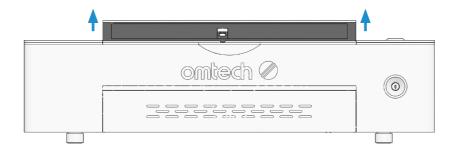
- 1. Make sure the interlock connector is well plugged.
- 2. Turn on the engraver and duct fan.

Confirm that the cooling system, air assist, and exhaust fan have been activated.

- 3. Place a piece of laserable scrap material onto the workbed and then close the cover.
- 4. Insert and turn the laser key.
- 5. Create or load a simple design into RDWorks.
- 6. Begin engraving by clicking **Start** in the software or pressing the **Start** button on the engraver.



7. Taking care not to expose yourself to seeing or being hit by any possible reflected laser light, open the cover as little as possible.



8. Check the status of the engraver.

The laser should pause automatically and the Start button should become red.

If the laser continues to engrave the design while the cover is raised, the automatic shutoffs are not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team.

9. Close the cover and press the **Start** button.

The engraver should restart cutting or engraving.

10. Turn off the engraver after the test is done.

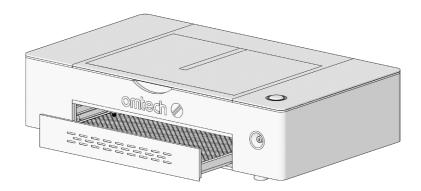
Initial Testing

Tray Shutoff (Interlocks)

After ensuring that the cover shutoff works, you should also test that the tray shutoff activates.

1. Perform the same procedure as before but, instead of opening the cover, open the debris tray.

The laser should stop completely. If it continues to engrave the design while the debris tray is open, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team.

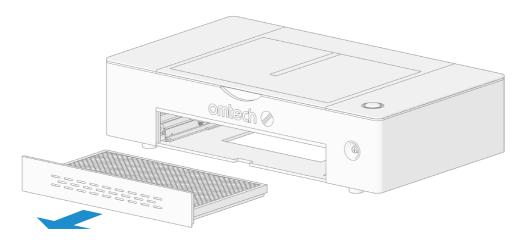


2. Turn off the machine.

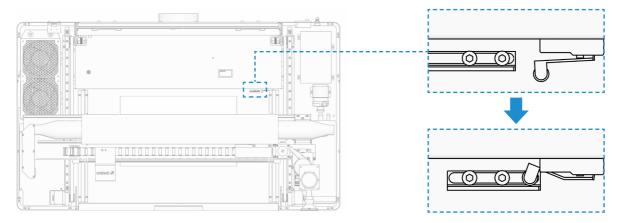
Engraving thick materials, using the front pass-through, or the rotary axes, however, requires this shutoff to be circumvented first. Mind that this the only safety feature that should ever be circumvented.

To do so.

1. Remove the debris tray and the workbed.



2. Move the tray interlock switch into a closed position and hold it there by sliding the nearby metal bracket to the right.

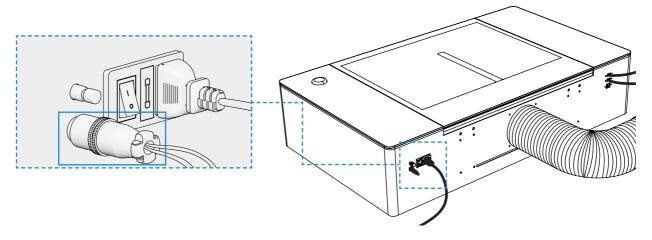


3. Never leave the switch in this position after completing your work. Reenable the switch before leaving the work area.

Rear Key (Interlock Connector)

After ensuring that the cover and tray interlocks work properly, you should test that the rear key functions correctly.

1. Perform the same procedure as before but, instead of opening the cover or tray, remove the interlock connector from its socket beside the power switch.



The laser should stop completely. If it continues to engrave the design without the rear key in place, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used.

2. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team.

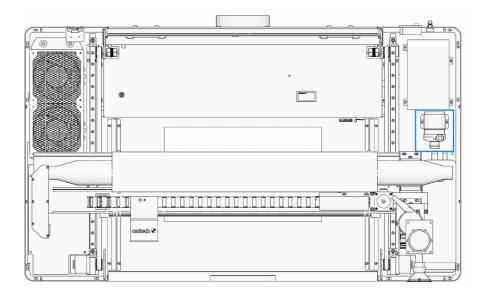


Initial Testing

Water Shutoff

Because of the danger posed by an uncooled laser tube, this engraver also shuts off the laser automatically when its sensors do not detect the correct water flow.

This can be tested by crimping or tying the water hoses and attempting to fire the laser. If you perform this test, be careful not to damage the hoses themselves and to only briefly activate the laser.



If the laser does fire, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team.

If the laser does not fire, the automatic shutoff is working correctly. Release the two hoses and run the water system for a minute or two, checking that no damage or leaks have occurred.

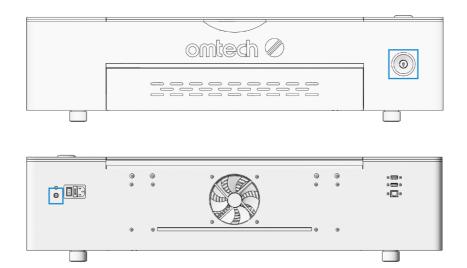


Always make sure the path is clear between the laser and its target.

Never allow foreign objects between the laser and its target. Take care not to leave any part of your body in the laser path when it is in operation.

Security

For your safety and that of passersby, this engraver requires two keys to provide power to the laser tube, the laser power key in the front and the interlock connector at the back of the machine.



Operators should always remove at least one of these between uses to prevent unauthorized operation of the machine. Only leave them in place if the work area itself is completely secure and inaccessible to any children.



Operate this laser engraver only in accordance with all the instructions provided in this manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in property damage and personal injury.

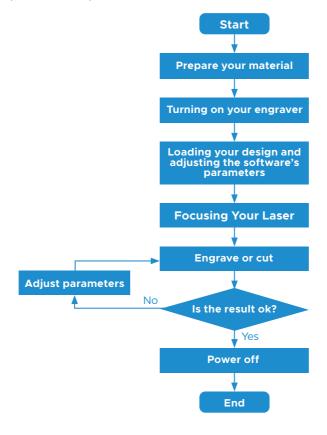


Wear safety glasses during the entire test process!

Operation Overview

This section will address only some of the options and features provided by the operation software. Before beginning to use the machine, make sure that you have read this entire manual (particularly §Safety Information on Page 1), the separate software manual, and any warnings provided on the machine itself.

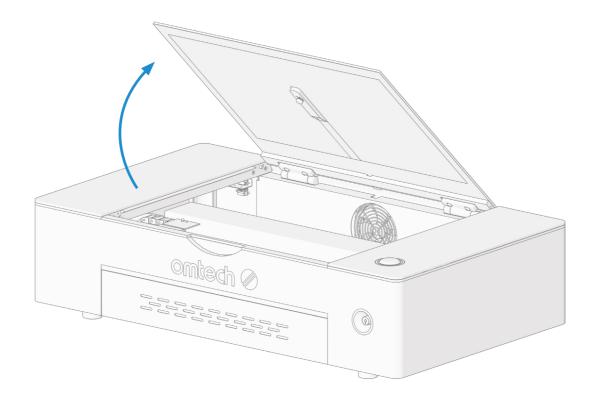
Here are the main operation steps:



General Operation Instructions

Preparing Your Material

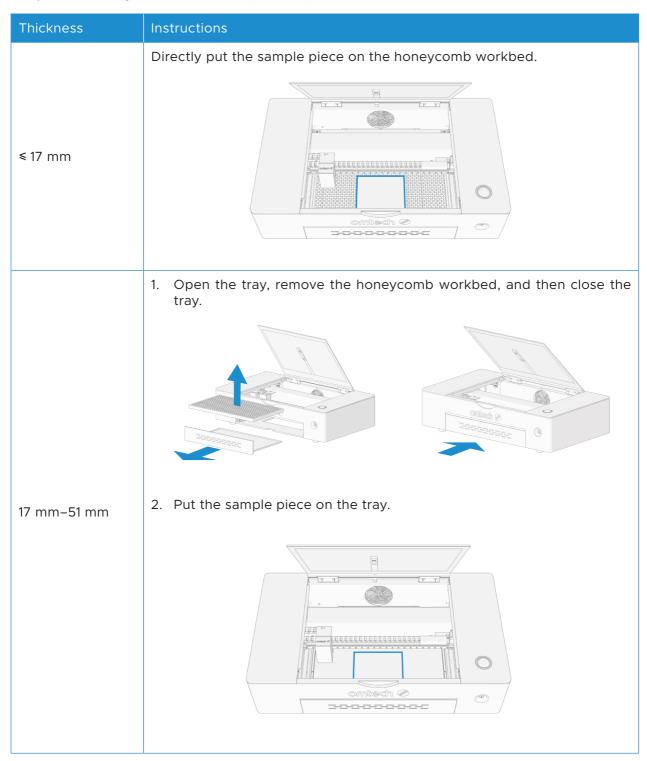
- 1. Make sure that the engraver is powered off.
- 2. Open the cover.



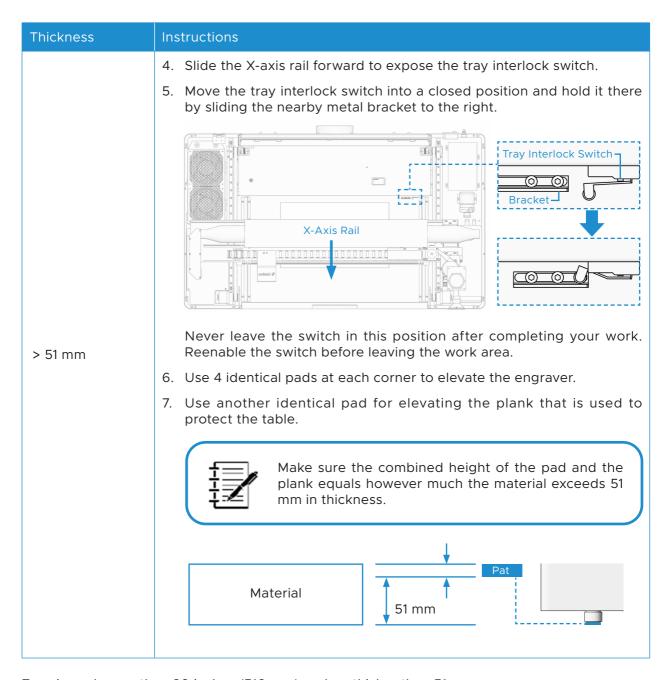
3. Confirm the thickness of your material with the provided ruler and place a sample piece into the main bay.

The standard location is in the top left corner of the workbed. This can be changed by moving either your design or the origin position in your software.

For pieces no longer than 20 inches (510 mm)



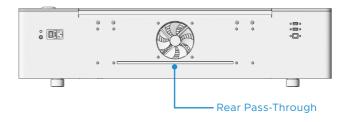
Instructions 1. Remove the tray and honeycomb workbed. 2. Cover the exposed area of your table with a non-reflective plank, preferably an MDF that fits the space. > 51 mm Warning! Failure to totally cover your table may cause a fire hazard. Using reflective surfaces risks reflecting the laser beam and destroying your engraver. 3. Put the sample piece on the plank.



For pieces longer than 20 inches (510 mm) and no thicker than 51 mm

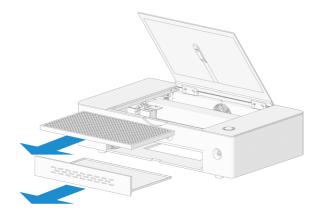
You should open the tray and rear pass-through door to provide more space.

a. Open the rear pass-through door.



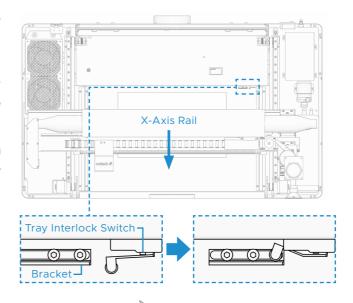


b. Remove the debris tray and workbed.

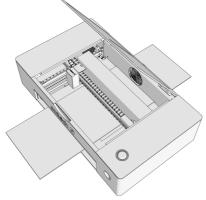


- c. Slide the X-axis rail forward to expose the tray interlock switch.
- d. Move the tray interlock switch into a closed position and hold it there by sliding the nearby metal bracket to the right.

Never leave the switch in this position after completing your work. Reenable the switch before leaving the work area.



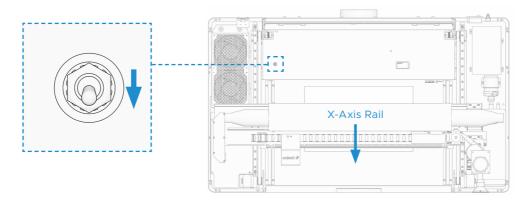
- e. Replace the workbed as needed.
- f. Put your material on the workbed or the tray through the tray and rear passthrough door.





DO NOT insert anything through the pass-through doors other than your material. As you work, confirm the ventilation system is removing all dust and fumes. If it cannot, cease use of the pass-through for that material unless sufficient PPE is worn by everyone nearby.

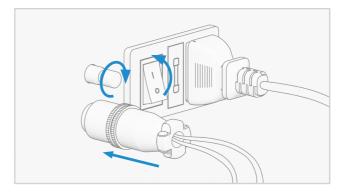
8. Confirm that the rotary switch is flipped down to its standard position and then close the cover.



For round pieces, you will need to use a rotary axis (see §Instructions for Rotary Operation on Page 54).

Turning on Your Engraver

- 1. Turn on your duct fan and any fume extractor or other ventilation equipment.
- 2. Beam Attenuator—This dial provides a master power control for your engraver. It should be turned completely clockwise to enable your software to use the engraver's full power range.
- 3. Insert the interlock connector—if you don't normally leave it in place.
- 4. Turn on your engraver using its rear power switch and the laser key.
- 5. Confirm that the cooling system, air assist, exhaust fan, and internal lights have been activated.





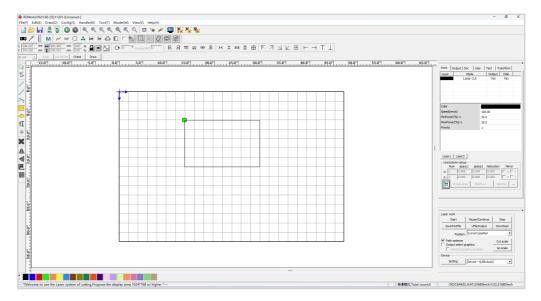


Put on your protective laser glasses and any other PPE necessary for your material.

Loading Your Design

1. Create the design that you'd like to engrave and save.

You can do this directly in your engraving software or use any other graphics program.



2. Confirm that your control computer has a connection to the Polar, either directly through the provided cables or Wi-Fi connection or via the internet.

For instructions on connection, see §Control System Setup (Page 26) and §Wi-Fi Setup (Page 28).

3. Load your saved design into your engraving software.

Adjusting the Software's Parameters

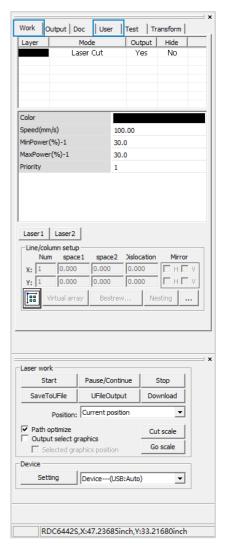
Adjust your software's parameters to suit your project.

When working with new materials, remember that you should always start on the low end of likely settings. If the effect is not yet strong enough, you can always rerun the design loop several times or rerun it with more powerful settings until you create the effect that you want.

It is **NOT** recommended to use the laser at full power. The recommended maximum power setting is 70%, as prolonged use above that amount will shorten your laser's service life. The threshold for the lowest setting is around 10% and the laser may not fire at all when set lower than this.

To improve the laser's engraving or cutting effect without increasing its raw power, increase the amount of energy per unit area by decreasing the speed parameter or increasing the number of loops. Working too intensely, however, increases the risk of fire and reduces image quality, especially with coated materials.

Resolution should usually be set to 500 dots per inch. Lowering your image resolution can be helpful in some cases, reducing flaming and increasing the energy of the pulse in a way that improves the quality of the resultant image in some materials such as some plastics.





Focusing Your Laser

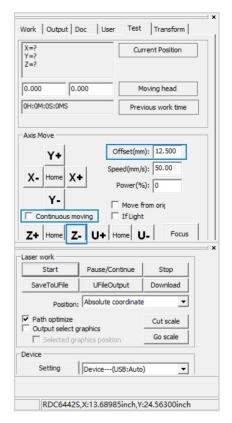
For Materials with a Thickness of 17 mm or Less

- Focus your laser using the Offset parameter in your software, located on the Test tab of the System Work Plat on the upper right side of the main interface.
- 2. Enter the offset value in **Offset(mm)**.

For the 2-inch focus lens, this value will be 17 minus the thickness of your material in mm.

These are the values for materials passed through or placed at the level of the workbed.

Material Thicknes	Offset Value			
Inches	mm	Offset value		
0	0.000	17.000		
0.1	2.540	14.460		
1/8	3.175	13.825		
0.2	5.080	11.920		
1/4	6.350	10.650		
0.3	7.620	9.380		
3/8	9.525	7.475		
0.4	10.160	6.840		
1/2	12.700	4.300		
0.59	15.000	2.000		



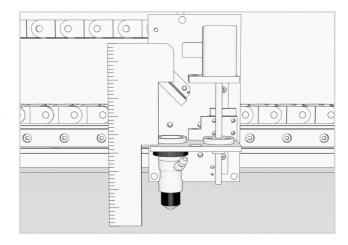
- 3. Uncheck Continuous moving.
- 4. Focus the laser head by pressing **Z-** on the same tab.

The laser head will move down to the right focus height.

For Materials Thicker than 17 mm

For thicker materials, find their height relative to the bed's usual level, roughly 2¾ in. (70 mm) above the bottom of the laser's support legs. To focus by using the provided focusing ruler:

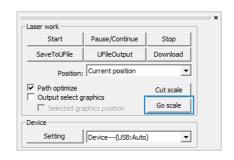
- 1. Place the side of the focusing ruler marked with 50.8 against the top of the laser mounting board as shown.
- 2. Press **Z-** on the **Test** tab to lower the laser head a little once at a time until the bottom end of the ruler just touches the surface of the material or the pad if the material is put on the desk.



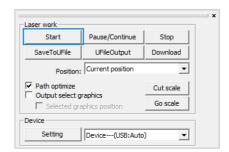
Engraving

 Click Go scale to outline the projected area for engraving or cutting on your material.

The laser traces the boundary, allowing you to ascertain that the laser path is properly aligned with your material setup.



 Begin engraving your design by clicking the Start button in Laser Work on the lower right side of the software's main interface.





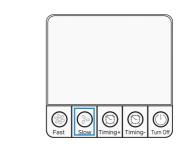
3. Watch for possible issues like sparks or fires using the camera view.

Do not stare continuously at the active laser even through your protective eyewear.

Be prepared to quickly extinguish a fire if necessary.

4. If any dust or fumes begin to build up within the main bay, increase the power of the duct fan by pressing Fast on the remote control or pause work periodically by pressing the **Start/Pause** button to allow it to clear the air.

You can pause and resume work by pressing the **Start/Pause** button on the right side of the engraver.





5. Once the laser has stopped, examine the quality of your first run.

You can compare the engraving result of the material with that on the reference board.

6. Adjust the parameters in your software as necessary.

You can adjust the values of power and speed based on the reference board.

7. Begin your real work in a different location or on a different piece of material.

You can also use the engraver's **Start** button to repeat your last loaded design without applying any changes.



If your engraver stops during repetitive engraving and cutting, the cooling system may have reached 122°F (50°C) and automatically paused work. Resume work by pressing the engraver's **Start** button only after the system has had time to adequately cool. If possible, use lower power settings while reducing speed or increasing the number of times your design is processed.

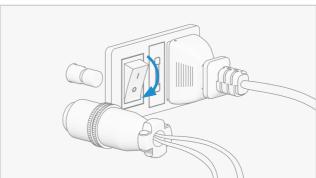


Shutdown

- 1. When you have finished your project, close your engraving software.
- 2. Allow the cooling and ventilation systems to continue to run until the air in the main bay is clear and the tube has safely cooled.
- 3. Turn off the engraver using the laser key and the main power switch and then turn off the external fan.

For best results, fully unplug your engraver or turn off its intermediary surge protector.



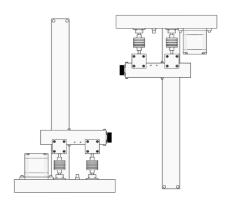


- 4. Open the cover and remove any dust or debris buildup from the workbed and the various surfaces within the bay.
 - If the buildup is firm, use a partially damp cloth or similar tools that won't create scratches to remove it. **NEVER** use abrasive papers or steel wools.



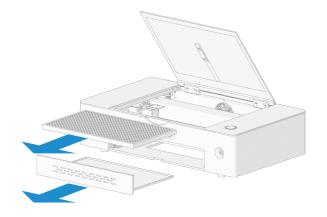
Instructions for Rotary Operation

The Polar 350 comes with two separate 4-wheel rotary axis devices to engrave spherical and cylindrical surfaces. Use Rotary Axis 1 for larger items and use Rotary Axis 2 for smaller ones.

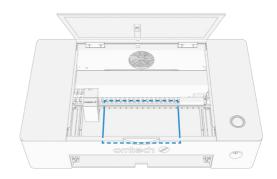


Installing Your Rotary Axis

 Remove the debris tray and the honeycomb workbed. Set them aside where they will not be damaged or fall over.



2. Cover the exposed area of your table with a non-reflective plank, preferably an MDF that fits the space.

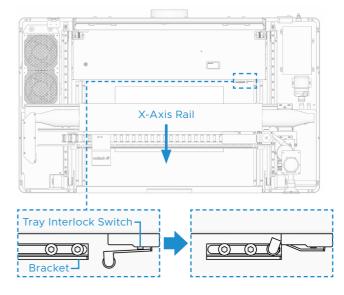




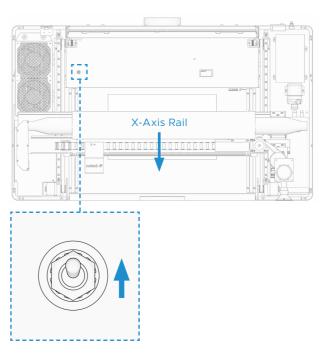
Warning! Failure to place the panel in a position that totally covers your table may cause a fire hazard.

- 3. Slide the X-axis rail forward to expose the tray interlock switch.
- 4. Move the tray interlock switch into a closed position and hold it there by sliding the nearby metal bracket to the right.

Never leave the switch in this position after completing your work. Reenable the switch before leaving the work area.

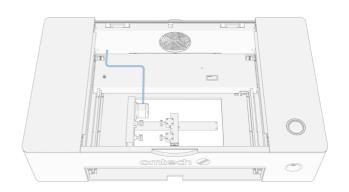


5. Flip the rotary switch up to **Rotary** to deactivate the Y-axis motors and control signals and activate the rotary aviation socket.



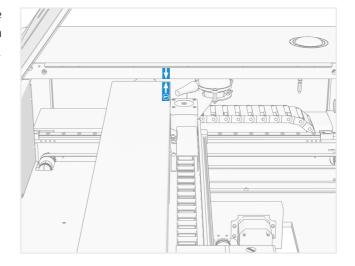


- 6. Connect the rotary cable.
 - a. Uncover the rotary aviation socket.
 - b. Connect one of the rotary cables to the socket.
 - You will need to pull back its outer sheath while aligning the 4 holes to their pins.
 - c. Connect the other end of the cable to the motor of the rotary you will be using.



- 7. Place your rotary axis in the bottom left corner of the open bay so that its number label is in the front left corner and its support frame is flush with the left side of the open bay.
- 8. Gently move the laser tube and X-axis rail back to align the arrow labels properly.

When you are using Rotary Axis 1, align the ① arrow label on the laser tube casing with the arrow label on the **RIGHT** side of the bay.



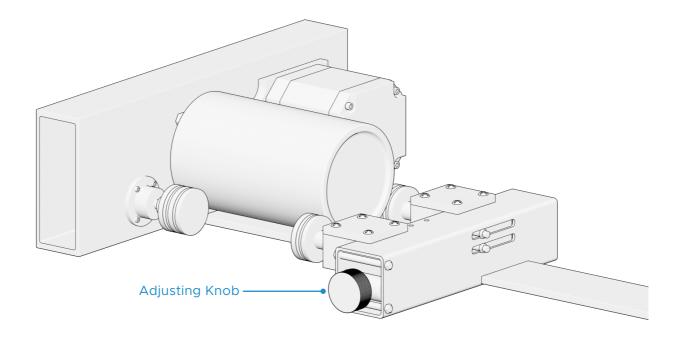
When you are using Rotary Axis 2, align the ② arrow label on the laser tube casing with the arrow label on the **LEFT** side of the bay.





Preparing Your Material

- 1. Place your object carefully onto the rotary axis.
- 2. Use the adjusting knob to adjust the supporting bracket to an appropriate position.



Turning On Your Engraver

See §Turning On Your Engraver on Page 47.

Loading Your Design

See §Loading Your Design on Page 48.

Adjusting the Software's Parameters

See §Adjusting the Software's Parameters on Page 49.

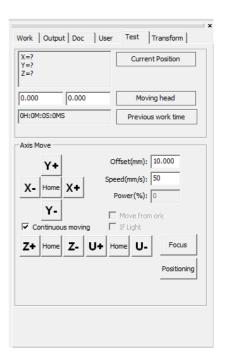
Focusing Your Laser

- 1. Measure the distance from the upper surface of the rotary base to the upper surface of your object.
- 2. Enter the offset value in **Offset(mm)**.

The Offset value for the 2-inch focus lens will be 86.2 minus this distance in mm.



Be certain the laser will not activate in any area of the open bay except for your material.



Engraving

See §Engraving on Page 51.

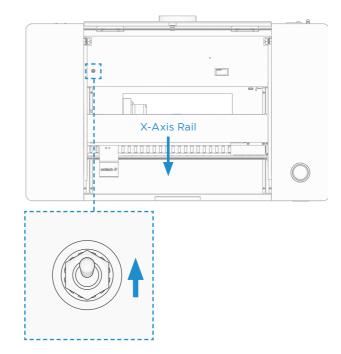
Shutdown

See §Shutdown on Page 53.

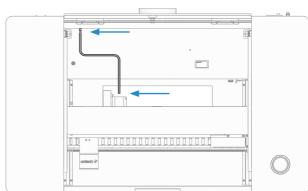
Uninstalling Your Rotary Axis

1. Gently move the laser tube and X-axis rail forward.

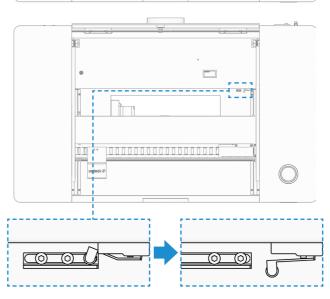
2. Flip the rotary switch up to **Standard** to activate the Y axis motors and control signals.



3. Disconnect the rotary cable from the rotary aviation socket and then cap the socket.

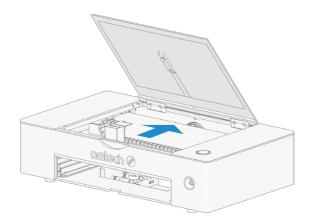


4. Release the tray interlock switch into the open position by sliding the metal bracket to the left.

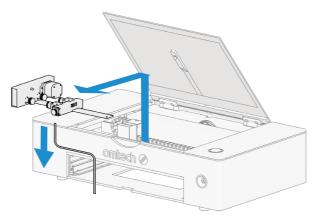




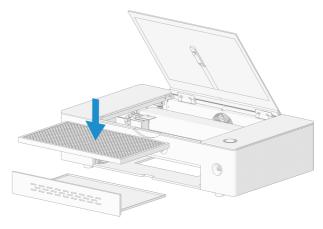
5. Gently move the laser tube and X-axis rail back.



- 6. Take out your rotary axis.
- 7. Disconnect the rotary cable from the motor.



8. Replace the honeycomb workbed and the debris tray.



9. Close the cover.



Instructions for Specific Materials

The following instructions are suggestions to help speed safe work with a range of materials. The user should research the specific safety and engraving requirements of their specific material to avoid the risk of fire, hazardous dust, corrosive and poisonous fumes, and other potential problems.

Once the product is known to be safe or appropriate protective equipment has been set up, it can be helpful to engrave a test matrix of small boxes produced at various speed and power settings to discover the ideal settings for your design. Alternatively, start with low power and fast speed settings and rerun your design as many times as needed, using progressively greater laser intensity.

Average Engraving Settings

Material	Engraving			Cutting				Thickness	Resolution	
	Power (W)		Speed (mm/s)		Power (W)		Speed (mm/s)		(mm)	(dpi)
Acrylic	25	50%	500	100%	45	90%	35	7%	3	400
Basswood	25	50%	500	100%	45	90%	65	13%	3	400
Canvas	12.5	25%	500	100%	30	60%	350	70%	0.2	300
Cardboard	22.5	45%	500	100%	45	90%	200	40%	2	400
Leather	15	30%	500	100%	45	90%	80	16%	1.5	400
MDF	20	40%	500	100%	45	90%	30	6%	3	300
Rubber	17.5	35%	500	100%	45	90%	25	5%	3	400

Ceramics

When engraving on ceramics, generally use moderate to high power. Using more loops rather than higher power and lower speed can help avoid cracking the material during work. Be mindful of the health risks posed by dust generated from ceramic engraving, especially for repetitive industrial applications. Depending on the material and the amount of work, a fan or even a full ventilation system may be required to address the problem. Similarly, operators and others in the work area may need to use breathing PPE such as masks and respirators.



Glass

When engraving glass, generally use high power and low speed. As with ceramics, it can be helpful to run more loops at lower settings to avoid cracks. Care must be taken when engraving fiberglass and carbon fiber to avoid combinations of settings that produce a laser intensity great enough to damage the structural integrity of its component fibers, producing blurry markings. PPE should be worn to avoid exposure of the eyes, nose, mouth, and skin to the dust produced by working with either material, especially for repetitive industrial applications. Clothing worn while working with fiberglass should be washed separately afterward.

Leather

When engraving leather products, generally use low to moderate power at high speed. Be especially attentive to the possibility of fire, as well as the dust produced in repetitive applications.

Metal

 CO_2 laser engravers should not be used for marking, engraving, or cutting metal. They are best suited for working coatings applied to a metal base, and care must be taken not to attempt work on the underlying metal itself. A variety of coatings specialized for CO_2 engraving are available, and the user should follow the instructions provided as the parameters vary from product to product and metal to metal. Generally, work on aluminum coatings should be done more quickly at lower power and work on steel coatings can be done more slowly at higher power.

Paper and Cardboard

When engraving various paper products, generally use low to moderate power and fast speed. Test samples from each batch, as only small parameter differences can separate effects that are too light from those that burn through the substrate. As with leather, be especially attentive to the possibility of fire, as well as the dust produced in repetitive applications.

Plastics

Plastics for engraving are available in many different colors and thicknesses and with many different coatings and surfaces. The majority of available plastics can be well engraved and cut with the laser. Plastics with a microporous surface seem to give the best result because less surface material needs to be removed. When engraving plastics, generally use low-power and high-speed settings. Marking and engraving with too much power or at too low a speed can concentrate too much energy at the point of contact, causing the plastic to melt. Among other problems, this may produce poor engraving quality, noxious fumes, and even fires. High-resolution engraving can cause the same problem, so medium to low-resolution designs should be preferred for most plastics.



Rubber

The various compositions and densities of rubber cause slightly varying engraving depths. Testing various settings on sample pieces of your specific rubber is highly recommended for the best results. When engraving rubber, generally use a consistent high-power setting and create your effects by varying the laser's speed. Microporous rubber materials require a significantly higher speed than standard rubber. Engraving any kind of rubber produces a considerable amount of dust and gas. Depending on the amount of work, breathing PPE and/or a full ventilation system may be required to address the problem.

Stone

When engraving various kinds of stone, generally use moderate power and moderate to fast speed. As with ceramics and glass, be mindful of the dust created (especially for repetitive industrial applications) and take similar measures to ensure the safety of users and others in the work area.

Textiles

When engraving textiles like cloth and fleece, generally use low power and fast speed. As with leather, be especially attentive to the possibility of fire and dust.

Wood

As with rubber, there is a huge variety of woods and testing your specific material is essential to get the best results. In general, wood with consistent grain and coloring engraves more evenly. Knotted wood produces uneven effects, while resinous wood produces greater edge contrast. Some softwoods like balsa, cork, and pine engrave well (albeit with low contrast) at low or moderate power settings and high speed. Others like fir suffer from uneven fibers that usually produce a poor effect in any setting. Hardwoods like cherry and oak engrave well at high power settings and low speed. Manufactured wood products can vary from brand to brand, mostly based on their glue composition and abundance. MDF works well but creates dark edges when cut.

In addition to the risk of fire with any wood product, extra care must be taken with the fumes from the glue used in plywood and other manufactured woods. Some are too dangerous to work with at all, while others require careful ventilation and the use of breathing PPE for repetitive industrial applications. Wood toxicity should also be examined, as the dust from some natural woods including oleander can also cause nausea and cardiac problems in high enough amounts.



Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule

The use of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure.



Before any cleaning or maintenance work, always switch off the engraver and disconnect it from its power supply.

Always keep the system clean, as flammable debris in the working and exhaust areas constitutes a fire hazard.

ONLY allow trained and skilled professionals to modify or disassemble this engraver.

Follow the instructions below when maintaining:

- Clean and cool water or laser-safe coolant must be provided to the system at all times.
- Confirm the tank is at least two-thirds full before and after each use.
- The workbed must be cleaned and the waste bin emptied every day.
- The lenses of the 1st and 2nd mirror housing, the 3rd mirror, the focus lens, and the camera must be checked **every day** and cleaned **if required**.
- The exhaust system must be checked every week and cleaned if required.
- The guide rails should be cleaned and lubricated at least twice a month.
- The air assist must be checked every month and cleaned if required.
- All other components of the laser machine should be checked every month and cleaned where required.
- Replace your coolant **every three months** for best results. Even if it is visibly clean month after month, drain it, clean the entire system, and replace it **at least once a year**.

In commercial settings, keep a cleaning and maintenance log in a visible location near the engraver. Have operators date and sign the log as cleaning and maintenance are carried out.



Maintenance

Cleaning



ALWAYS allow any fluid used in any cleaning to dry completely before further use of the engraver.

Cleaning the Main Bay and Engraver

Check at least once a day whether dust has accumulated in the main engraving bay. If so, it must be removed. The exact cleaning interval and requirements strongly depend on the material being processed and the operating time of the device. A clean machine guarantees optimal performance and reduces service costs, as well as reducing the risk of fire or injury.

Viewing Window

Clean the viewing window with mild cleansers and a lens cotton cloth.

DO NOT use paper towels as they can scratch the acrylic and reduce the cover's ability to protect you from laser radiation.



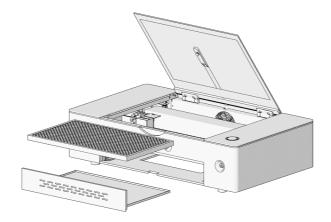
Interior of the Main Bay



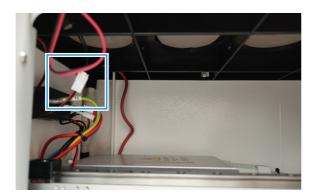
Do not use caustic chemicals or harsh abrasives. Be careful not to allow any electronic component to become wet and let all surfaces dry completely before further use.

Do not leave standing water in the tray.

• Clean the interior of the main bay thoroughly, removing any debris particles or deposits. Paper towels and window cleaner are recommended.



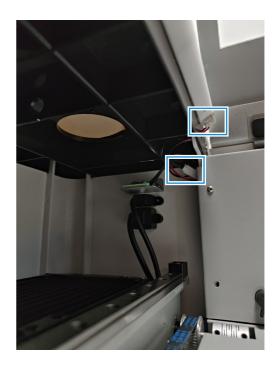
- When it is necessary to clean the right or left sides of the main bay thoroughly, the plastic panels that cover them can be removed for easier access.
 - 1. Turn off and unplug the engraver.
 - 2. Open the cover and disconnect all the electronic items on each side.
 - Removing the right panel requires unplugging its LED light as well as the induction switch and key line.







 Removing the left panel requires unplugging its LED light.



3. Remove the screws and remove the panels.





- 4. Clean the right or left sides of the main bay thoroughly.
- 5. Replace them using the same screws and then restore the electrical connections.

Exterior



Do not use caustic chemicals or harsh abrasives. Be careful not to allow any electronic component to become wet and let all surfaces dry completely before further use.

When necessary, clean the engraver's other surfaces with a soft cloth or wipe them using a cloth moderately wetted with mild detergent.



Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens

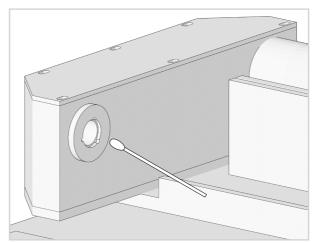


Be careful in all of the following steps not to directly touch the surface of any of these windows, mirrors, or lenses with your finger or any dirty, oily, or abrasive surface. Use lens-safe gloves or cloths only. Avoid pressing hard enough to cause scratches by grinding debris into the lenses.

Clean the Protective Lenses

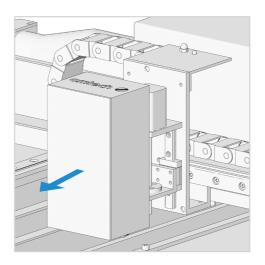
The 1st and 2nd mirrors are permanently aligned within a protective housing and should not require adjustment or cleaning. The 3rd mirror and focus lens are held within the laser head's protective shell.

Clean the lenses of the protective housing's window of the 2nd mirror using a laser-safe microfiber cloth or a cotton swab doused in alcohol or a laser-safe cleaning solution. Clean with gentle circular motions.



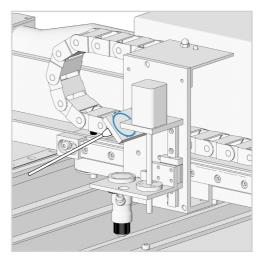
Clean the Third Mirror

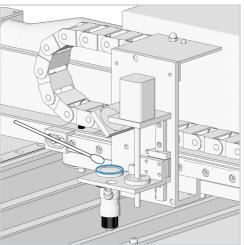
1. To expose the interior of the laser head, gently remove its shell from the magnets that hold it in place.



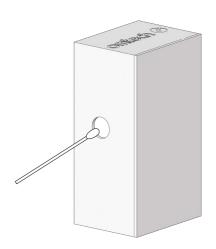


2. Clean the lens of the 3rd mirror and both sides of the focus lens in the same way as the 2nd mirror's protective windows.



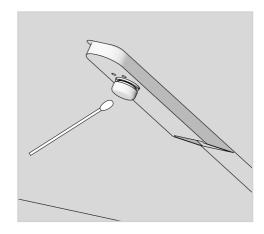


- 3. Gently remove any other dust or debris from other components inside the laser head and wipe the shell's holes clean as well.
- 4. Before carefully replacing it, allow the magnets to grab hold and pull it back into place.



Clean the camera

Clean the camera lens in the same way. If any permanent spots or debris appear under the camera's glass lens, it cannot be wiped clean and will require replacing the camera itself. Contact customer or technical support for details.

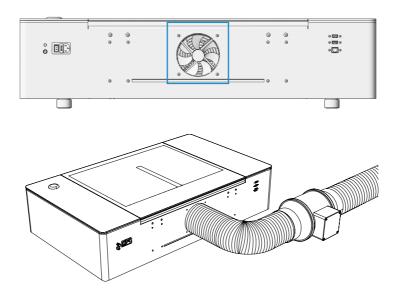


Cleaning the Exhaust System

To check and clean the exhaust system at least once a week:

· Check the external fan and surrounding ducts for excessive accumulation of dust and debris.

For best results, use a brush, vacuum, or compressed air to remove large accumulations of dust and debris, and use mild cleansers and soft rags or paper towels to fully clean the fan and its blades at least once a month.



• While you are doing the weekly inspection, check the seams and joints of the ducts for any damage or leaks.

If any are found, immediately repair them. Caulk or special-purpose aluminum foil tape generally works best if available; standard duct tape can deteriorate over time, especially near heated components.



Cleaning the Cooling System



NEVER touch or adjust your engraver's water supply while your engraver is still connected to power.

Your coolant tank should be shielded from ambient dust created during work. If your coolant ever becomes visibly dirty, discontinue work. The debris in the water will reduce its cooling efficiency, can heat up itself, and can damage the cooling pipes.

- 1. Remove the right panel following the instructions above.
- 2. Check the coolant.

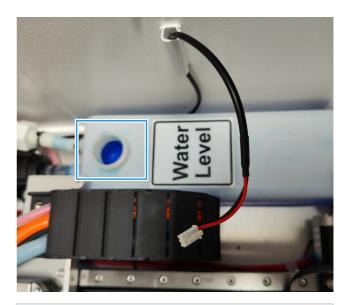
If your coolant remains visibly clean at all times, it is still recommended that you clean the water tank at least once a year as a precaution, replacing the fluid as you do so.

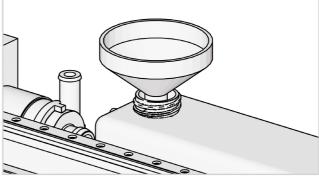
If the coolant is especially polluted, clean it as follows:

- a. Uncap the water tank.
- b. Use a baster or fluid extractor to remove the contaminated coolant.
- c. Use a funnel to refill the tank with clean water and then remove it.
- d. Return the engraver to working order.

See §Turning On Your Engraver on Page 47. Do not activate the laser use the laser key.

- e. Run the system for a few minutes, turn off the engraver, and then immediately extract the coolant again using a baster or fluid extractor to remove other impurities from the line.
- f. Use a funnel to refill the tank with clean deionized or distilled water or laser-safe coolant.
- g. Reseal the tank.
- 3. Restore the right panel, and resume use.







Refilling the Water Tank



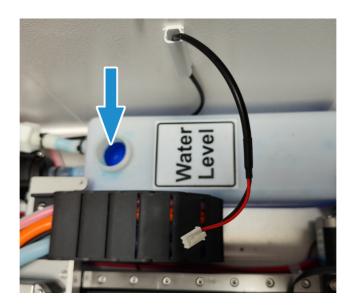
NEVER touch or adjust your engraver's water supply while your engraver is still connected to power.



Always fill the chiller with deionized or distilled water or a custom-purpose laser-safe antifreeze. Using tap water for any purpose but rinsing out cleansers (see §7.2.5 Cleaning the Water Chiller above) will gradually degrade the quality of your engraver and may even cause dangerous mineral buildup within the cooling system. Never use generic antifreeze for the same reason.

In addition to the regular cleaning above, check that the tank is at least two-thirds full of coolant or clean water before and after each use.

If the tank ever begins to run low, use a funnel and tube to add more distilled water or laser-safe coolant, or remove the right panel and add the fluid directly with a funnel (see §7.2.5 Cleaning the Water Chiller above).



Laser Path Alignment

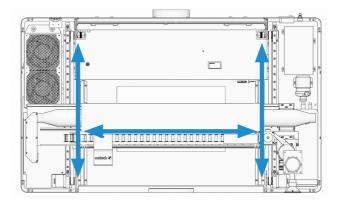
The Polar 350 goes through a complete beam alignment before shipping and its design should keep your mirrors locked into their proper positions at all times. If you wish to test the alignment by using the laser to mark pieces of tape along its path to your material, remember to never place the tape directly on any mirrors or lenses, to never use power levels above 15% to mark the tape, and to never disable the cover's interlock switches during your testing.

If you ever find that your mirrors are out of alignment, contact our technical support team to correct the problem.

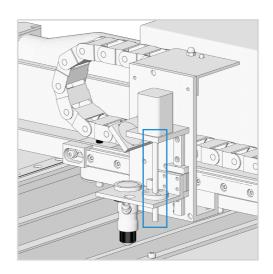
Rail Lubrication

For best results, clean and lubricate the engraver's guide rails every two weeks.

- 1. Turn off the laser engraver.
- 2. Gently move the laser head out of the way.
- 3. Wipe away all dust and debris along the X and Y axis rails with a dry cotton cloth until they are shiny and clean.



- 4. Do the same to the Z-axis screw.
- 5. Lubricate both the rails and screws with white lithium grease.
- Gently move the laser head and X axis to distribute the lubricant evenly along both rails and raise and lower the bed to distribute the lubricant evenly along the screw.





Parts Replacement



ALWAYS completely disconnect the engraver from its power supply before replacing any parts.

The engraver should not be modified or disassembled by anyone except trained and skilled professionals, but some consumable parts may require replacement after prolonged use. Be sure only to use identical or compatible replacement parts with this engraver. Contact your vendor or our technicians if you have any questions about fitment. Using incompatible components is highly dangerous and waives all the manufacturer's liability for any damage or injury caused.

Connection

The Engraver Can't Find the Device Through Ethernet Cable

Issue

After powering the device on and connecting it to the computer with an Ethernet cable, the machine's name can't be found in the device list.

Solution	Solution	
Replug the Ethernet Cable	Please check the Ethernet connection cable. Ensure that both ends are properly plugged in.	
Try a Different Ethernet Cable	This is to rule out that the cable itself is faulty.	
Try with Another Computer	The ethernet port on some computers may not work due to configuration or hardware issues. Try with another computer or docking station that supports Ethernet configuration.	
Check the Ethernet Cable Adapter inside the Machine	Take off the left plate of the machine and unplug the inner Ethernet extension cable from the control board. Connect your Ethernet cable directly to the control board instead. If it has been connected successfully, it means the extension cable inside the machine is faulty and needs replacement.	

The Engraver Can't Find the Device Through Wi-Fi

Issue

After connecting the machine to the computer via Wi-Fi, the machine's name can't be found in the device list

Solution	
Affected by VPN Software	Close any VPN on your computer and restart the software to connect again.
Unstable Wi-Fi Connection	Change to another Wi-Fi network in case the signals aren't strong enough.
Special Characters in Wi-Fi Name and Password	Make sure your Wi-Fi name and password consist of only alphanumeric characters. Make sure you enter the correct password.
Unsupported Wi-Fi Frequency Band	Make sure your Wi-Fi is in the 2.4 GHz band, not the 5 GHz band. And try again.
Wi-Fi Is Not Configured	For the first time you connect the engraver to your Wi-Fi, you need to connect it to your computer by USB first and configure the Wi-Fi connection using the software.



The Engraver Can't Find Device Through USB

Issue

After powering the device on and connecting it to the computer with a USB cable, the machine's name can't be found in the device list.

Solution	
Check the USB Cable Connection	1. Check and make sure the connection is secure.
	2. Replug the USB cable at both ends if necessary.
	1. Replace the USB cable, the USB port, and the computer port.
	2. Turn on the engraver and open the software.
	3. Check if the driver application of the engraver exists in the following ways.
	For Windows:
Malfunctioning USB	Right-click the start button on your computer.
Cable or Computer USB	Click Device Manager .
Port	Click Network adapters and check if the USB Ethernet/RNDIS Gadget exists.
	For Mac:
	1. Click System Information .
	2. Go to Hardware and click USB .
	3. Check if the RNDIS/Ethernet Gadget exists.
Check VPN	Exit the VPN software and try again.
	The firewall may disable ping.
Check Ping	1. Click the right button to run the software in Administrator Mode .
Shows mg	2. Allow the permission "Default Allow Specific Outbound ICMP" in the firewall software.
Check SIP	If the MAC system is under SIP protection, the device may be blocked and can't be connected. Disable SIP according to the MAC manual.
Check the Compatibility of the Cable	The engraver does not support a double-end USB-C cable. Connect the engraver using the original USB-A cable or a USB-C to the USB-A docking station instead.



Hardware

The Laser Tube Won't Light Up

Issue

The laser tube won't light up when trying to process after turning on the engraver.



Do not touch the laser tube when it is illuminating.

Solution	
Adjust the Laser Power Setting	As the laser tube ages, more power will be needed for the same level of laser activation as before. Try to process by increasing the power to 80%, and observe if the laser tube will light up.
Check for Cracks in the Tube	 Disconnect the power supply of the machine and remove the rear upper cover. Inspect the laser tube for any cracks, both inside and outside. If any cracks have been found, replace the tube.
Check the Cable and Connection	Disconnect the power supply of the machine and remove the left and right plates. Inspect the cable as shown in the picture below for any signs of breakage or detachment. Check if there is any looseness in the cable connection at both ends as shown. Fix it or replug the cable to ensure a proper connection.



Solution	
Check the Power Supply of the Laser Tube	Have a technician check the power supply of the laser tube or contact our customer service support team for further analysis.
Replace the Laser Tube	If none of the above works, the laser tube may be faulty. Please take a video of the problem, film the troubleshooting steps you have taken, and contact our service team for further assistance.

The Engraver Won't Fire Laser

Issue	
The laser tube lights up as usual, but there is no laser coming out from the laser module.	
Solution	
Check the Installation	Have a technician check all the mirrors for any missing, misaligned, or incorrect installation or contact our customer service support team for instructions.
	The laser requires a certain amount of power to activate—This is called the minimum activation power. As the laser tube ages, however, more power will be needed for the same level of laser activation as before.
Adjust the Laser Power Setting	You can either increase the processing power directly or adjust the device settings to raise the lowest output power so it can reach the minimum power for laser activation.
	If the processing power is lower than the lowest output power, the latter will be used as the processing power.
Check the Focal Lens	Check if the focal lens is missing and reinstall it.
	See §Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens (Page 69).
Clean the Mirrors and Focal Lens	Check for any residue or stains on the surface of the mirrors and focal lens. For instructions on cleaning, see §Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens on Page 69.
Recalibrate the Laser Path	Contact our service to detect if there is any deviation in the optical laser path and calibrate if it is severely deviated.

The Engraver Gets Non-Responsive After Power-on

Issue

After the engraver is powered on by the rear switch, it doesn't give any response. The ammeter display screen, light panel, water pump, motor, etc. won't work at all.

display screen, light panel, water pump, motor, etc. won't work at all.		
Solution		
Check the Power Cable	Check if the power cable is properly plugged in on both ends.	
Replace the Fuse	 Unplug the power cable. Take off the fuse box next to the switch. Check the fuse. Replace the fuse if it's blown. 	

Processing

Poor Smoke Evacuation During Processing

Issue

When using the engraver for processing, the smoke generated may fail to disperse properly, resulting in significant accumulation inside the machine or leakage from the machine's seams.

Before troubleshooting

Firstly, remove all accessory devices from the engraver (e.g., smoke purifier, extended exhaust pipe, extended exhaust fan, etc.), retaining only the exhaust pipe provided with the machine. Process the material again and evaluate smoke evacuation effectiveness.

- Scenario 1: If smoke evacuation remains poor
- Scenario 2: If smoke evacuation improves



Scenario 1: If smoke evacuation remains poor

If the smoke evacuation is still poor after removing the accessory devices, the issue may be related to the installation of the smoke exhaust fan.

Check the smoke exhaust pipe	Ensure that the smoke exhaust pipe is not pressed or bent, hindering proper smoke evacuation.
Check the installation of the fan	Remove the smoke exhaust pipe at the rear plate to observe if the fan is installed correctly. The correct installation displays the fan blades inward. If not, remove the fan cover and reinstall the fan.

Scenario 2: If smoke evacuation improves

If the smoke evacuation improves after removing the accessory devices, the issue is related to the used devices.

Check the airflow	For better smoke evacuation, make sure that your extended smoke exhaust fan or purifier has an airflow greater than 200 cfm.
Check the filters	Remove all the filters from the purifier used for the engraver and test the smoke evacuation. If it improves without filters, consider replacements.
Check the extended exhaust pipe	Confirm the smoke exhaust pipe isn't pressed, bent, or excessively lengthy for efficient smoke evacuation.

Not Cutting Through the Material

Issue

The engraver won't fully and effectively cut through the material as expected.



Solution		
Check the Processing Parameters	For the materials suggested in this manual, you can choose the recommended parameter values for cutting.	
	For those not suggested, you can get the ideal parameter values after several tests.	
Check the Material Distance/Thickness Value	Check if the material thickness/distance is out of the standard range of the engraver.	
Check the Mirrors and the Focal Lens for Stains	See §Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens (Page 69).	
Check the Power of the Laser Tube	It is common that the power of the CO_2 laser tube degrades over time. You can try the following methods to improve the performance of the cutting process: increase the power, lower the speed, and increase the processing pass. If the power drops drastically, have a technician replace the laser tube.	
Increase the airflow rate	Adjust the airflow of the air duct by pressing Fast on the remote control.	
Check the Focal Lens Installation	When the focal lens is not installed properly, the laser spot will become larger, decreasing cutting performance. Remove the focal lens and install it again. See §Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens (Page 69).	



Solution	
Use Compatible Material	Some materials are not cuttable with the engraver. For recommended materials, see §Material Safety Instructions (Page 5).
Calibrate the Laser Path	When the laser path is misaligned, the laser performance may vary significantly in different processing areas. Contact our service to guide you on calibrating the laser path if the solutions above don't work.



Poor Engraving Results

Issue

When this issue occurs, you may find the engraving performance is not as expected: the pattern appears blurry, and the engraving outcome is excessively darkening or too shallow to be identified.



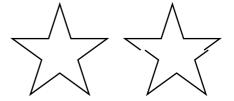
Solution	Solution	
Check the Processing Parameters	For materials suggested in this manual, you can choose the recommended parameter values for cutting.	
	For those not suggested, you can get the ideal parameter values after several tests.	
Check the Material Distance/Thickness Value	Check if the material thickness/distance is out of the standard range of the engraver.	
Set a lower airflow rate	Adjust the airflow of the air duct by pressing Slow on the remote control.	
Check the Focal Lens	When the focal lens is not installed properly, the laser spot will become larger, decreasing engraving performance.	
	See §Cleaning the Camera, Mirrors, and Focus Lens (Page 69).	
Check the Material	Some materials can be harder to engrave by laser. To get better results, set a higher processing power or use less dense materials.	
	For recommended settings on materials, see §Material Safety Instructions (Page 5).	
Calibrate the Laser Path	When the laser path is misaligned, the laser performance may vary significantly in different processing areas.	
	Contact our service to guide you on calibrating the laser path if the solutions above don't work.	



Engraving Image Shifts During Processing

Issue

The engraved image is deviated or won't close up because of the losing steps in processing.



Solution				
Lower the Speed of the Engraving Process	If the processing speed is too fast, it may cause step loss. Please try again by lowering the speed.			
Adjust the Tightness of the Timing Belts	Contact our customer service for instructions on adjusting the tightness of the X-axis and Y-axis timing belts so that the laser module can move smoothly.			
Checking the Stability of the Material	If the material is too light, the gas coming out of the air nozzle may nudge the material, causing a deviated image. Use the material clamp or tape to fix the material before processing.			
Check the Material Distance/Thickness Value	If the air nozzle hits the material because of the failure of focusing, which leads to the deviation of the image, check if the material thickness or distance is the same as the actual value.			





POLAR 350 50W Desktop Laser Engraver
User Manual