

USB460j Cabinet Laser Engraver User Manual



Read Carefully Before Use
Keep for Future Reference

PREFACE

Thank you for choosing our laser equipment.

Your CO₂ laser engraving machine is intended for personal and professional use. When used in accordance with these instructions, it comprises a Class 1 laser system but some components remain **EXTREMELY** dangerous. Never disable the preinstalled safety devices and always use your laser safely and responsibly.

Read this manual carefully before operation. It covers the details of correct installation, adjustment, maintenance, and—most importantly—safe operation of your new laser. It is intended to be used in conjunction with your engraving software manual, as the software typically does not only provide image design but also serves as an alternative interface for the laser settings and machine controls. You and any other users of this device should thoroughly understand **BOTH** manuals before attempting to operate the laser.

Keep both manuals for future reference and provide them to **ANYONE** who will install, operate, maintain, or repair this machine. Both manuals should be included if this device is given or sold to a third party.

If you have any questions after reading these manuals, please contact us and our support department will address your concerns as soon as possible.

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1. Introduction

1.1 General Information

This manual is the designated user guide for the installation, setup, safe operation, and maintenance of your cabinet laser engraver. It is divided into six chapters covering general information, safety instructions, installation steps, operation instructions, maintenance procedures, and contact information.

ALL personnel involved in the installation, setup, operation, maintenance, and repair of this machine should read and understand this manual, particularly its safety instructions. Some components are extremely high voltage and/or produce powerful laser radiation. Substandard performance and longevity, property damage, and personal injury may result from not knowing and following these instructions.

Your laser engraver works by emitting a powerful laser beam from a glass tube filled with insulating carbon dioxide (CO₂), reflecting that beam off three mirrors and through a focus lens, and using this focused light to etch designs into certain substrates. The first mirror is fixed near the end of the laser tube, the second mirror travels along the machine's Y axis, and the third mirror is attached to the laser head that travels along the X axis. Because some dust from the engraving process settles on the mirrors, they require frequent cleaning. Because they move during operation, they also require periodic readjustment using the red dot locator and their attached positioning screws to maintain the proper laser path.

The integrated cooling system must be used with this engraver to dissipate the heat produced by the laser tube. Similarly, an exhaust system—typically either an external vent or a dedicated air purifier—must be used to remove the dust and gases produced by the engraving process and ensure compliance with laws and regulations for workplace and environmental air quality. Never operate the engraver without both of these systems operating properly.

With low intensity use, the provided laser tube has an average lifespan around 2000 hours before requiring replacement. However, constantly running your laser above 70% of its maximum rated power can significantly shorten its service life. It is recommended to use settings from 10–70% of the maximum rated power to enjoy optimal performance and longevity.

Note that this is a high-voltage device and, as a safety precaution, it is recommended to only touch its components with one hand at a time during use.

Note also that the active laser is invisible to the human eye. The visible red dot is only the positioning light and is harmless. This device should never be used while any cover is open to avoid potentially permanent injury.

1.2 Symbol Guide

The following symbols are used on this machine's labeling or in this manual:



These items present a risk of serious property damage or personal injury.



These items address similarly serious concerns with regard to the laser beam.



These items address similarly serious concerns with regard to electrical components.



Protective eyewear should be worn by anyone around this machine during operation.



This product is sold in conformity with applicable EU regulations.



This product contains electrical components that should not be disposed of with regular garbage.

1.3 Designated Use

This machine is intended for use engraving signs and other consumer products on applicable substrates. This laser can process a wide variety of materials including wood and cork, paper and cardboard, most plastics, glass, cloth and leather, and stone. It can also be used with some specially coated metals. Use of this system for non-designated purposes or materials is not permitted.

The system must be operated, maintained, and repaired by personnel familiar with the field of use and the dangers of the machine and the material being engraved including its reflectivity, conductivity, potential for creating harmful or combustible fumes, etc.

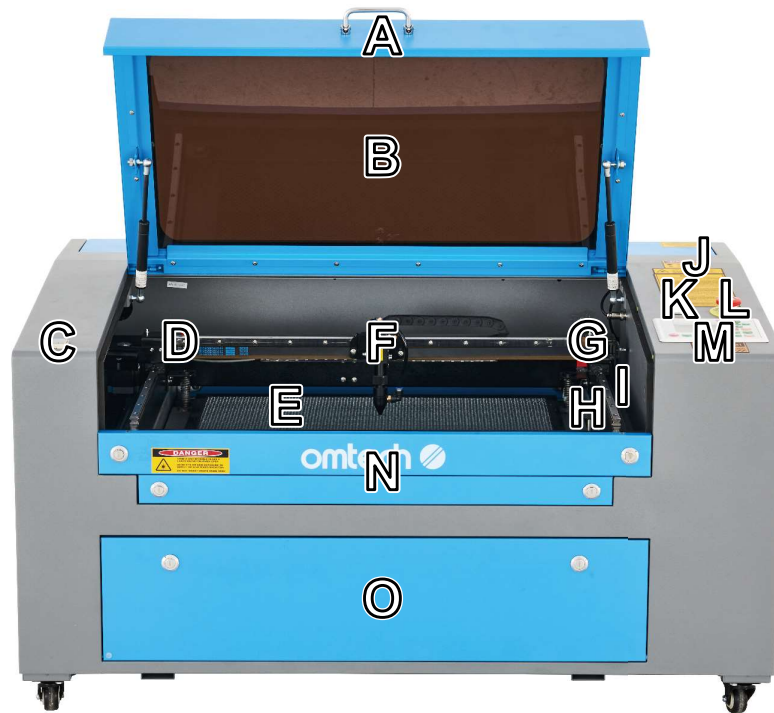
Laser beams are dangerous. The manufacturer and/or seller bear(s) no responsibility and assume(s) no liability for any improper use of this device or for any damage or injury arising from such use. The operator is obliged to use this cabinet laser engraver only in accordance with its designated use, the other instructions in its manuals, and all applicable local and national laws and regulations.

1.4 Technical Specifications

Model		USB460j	
Laser Tube	Diameter	3.15 in.	50 mm
	Length	40 in.	1000 mm
Focus Lens	Diameter	0.71 in.	18 mm
	Thickness	0.08 in.	2 mm
	Focal Length	2 in.	50.8 mm
Mirror	Diameter	0.98 in.	25 mm
	Thickness	0.12 in.	3 mm
Input Power		110–120 V~ 60 Hz	
Power Consumption		700 W	
Rated Power		60 W	
Expected Service Life at <40% / 40–70% / >70% Power		2000/1500/1000 hr.	
Laser Wavelength		10640 nm	
Processing Area		15.7×23.6 in.	400×600 mm
Front/Back Pass-Through Size		28¼×1⅞ in.	720×50 mm
Workbed Blades		16	
Max. Processing Speed		23.6 ips	600 mm/s
Max. Acceleration	X-Axis	315 ips ²	8000 mm/s ²
	Y-Axis	78.8 ips ²	2000 mm/s ²
Min. Engraving Depth		0.0004 in.	0.01 mm
Max. Engraving Depth		0.4 in.	10 mm
Min. Letter Size		0.04×0.04 in.	1×1 mm
Required Operating Environment	Max. Humidity	70%	
	Temp. Range	40–95°F	5–35°C
Control Board		Ruida RD6442G	
Provided Operating Software		RDWorks	
Supported Operating Software		CorelLaser, LightBurn	
Supported Image Formats		.ai, .bmp, .dxf, .gif, .hpgl, .jpeg, .pdf, .plt, .png, .rd, .svg, .tiff, .tga	
Graphic Operating Modes		Raster, Vector, Combined	
Certification		CE, FDA	
Net Weight		210 lb.	95 kg

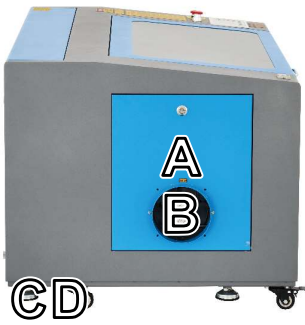
1.5 Components

Main Parts



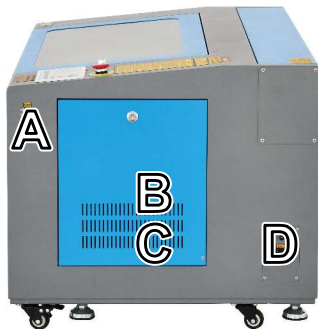
Front

- A. **Cover**—The cover provides access to the main bay for placing and retrieving materials, as well as fixing the laser path alignment and other maintenance. Power to the laser is automatically cut when the cover is opened.
- B. **Viewing Window**—The sepia-tinted polycarbonate window is shielded to protect you and others from the laser and its reflection, allowing monitoring of the engraving process. However, you should never stare continuously at the laser during operation, even through the window.
- C. **Air Pressure Sensor**—This sensor detects the difference between the system's compressed air and ambient atmospheric pressure. It turns red and automatically cuts power to the laser when the value is less than 8 kPa (1.2 psi).
- D. **X-Axis Rail**—The X-axis rail holds the 2nd mirror and LED lighting. It also supports the movement of the laser head left and right across the workbed.
- E. **Workbed**—The workbed can be adjusted in height to fit thinner and thicker materials, as well as adjusted between the aluminum and honeycomb platforms. This is also where the accessories pack is located when the engraver first arrives.
- F. **Laser Head**—The laser head holds the 3rd mirror, the focus lens, the red dot guidance, and the air assist outlet.
- G. **Y-Axis Rail**—The Y-axis rail supports the movement of the X-axis rail up and down the workbed.
- H. **Cover Interlocks**—These switches automatically pause work if the cover is opened.
- I. **Workbed Adjustment Knob**—This knob allows manual raising and lowering of the workbed along the Z-axis.
- J. **Warnings**—This notice supplements the Safety Information chapter of this manual. Read it carefully before using the machine.
- K. **Laser Key**—This key controls the power supply to your laser tube.
- L. **Emergency Stop**—Pushing this button cuts all power to the laser tube immediately in the event of an emergency. Release it during startup to turn on your engraver's control panel, exhaust fan, LED lighting, cooling system, air assist, and red dot locator. Turn it on before the laser key and turn it off after.
- M. **Control Panel**—The control panel offers hands-on control of the engraving process, including manual movement of the laser head and firing of the laser.
- N. **Front Pass-Through Door**—This door opens to allow larger pieces of material to be fed through the workbed. Additional care must be taken to avoid seeing or suffering exposure to the laser beam and its reflection.
- O. **Front Access Door**—This door provides access to the area below the workbed for easy cleanup.



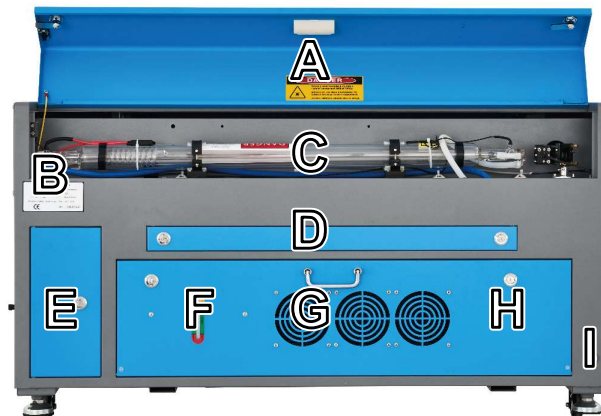
Left

- A. **Left Access Door**—This door provides access to the air compressor, as well as the main bay for work on the mirrors and Y-axis rail. Its interlock automatically pauses work if the door is opened.
- B. **Exhaust Fan**—This fan pulls out gases and airborne debris from the worktable, sending it through your vent to a window or air purifier.
- C. **Feet**—These feet can be rotated down to help anchor the machine in place.
- D. **Caster Wheels**—The front wheels include locks to hold the engraver in place.



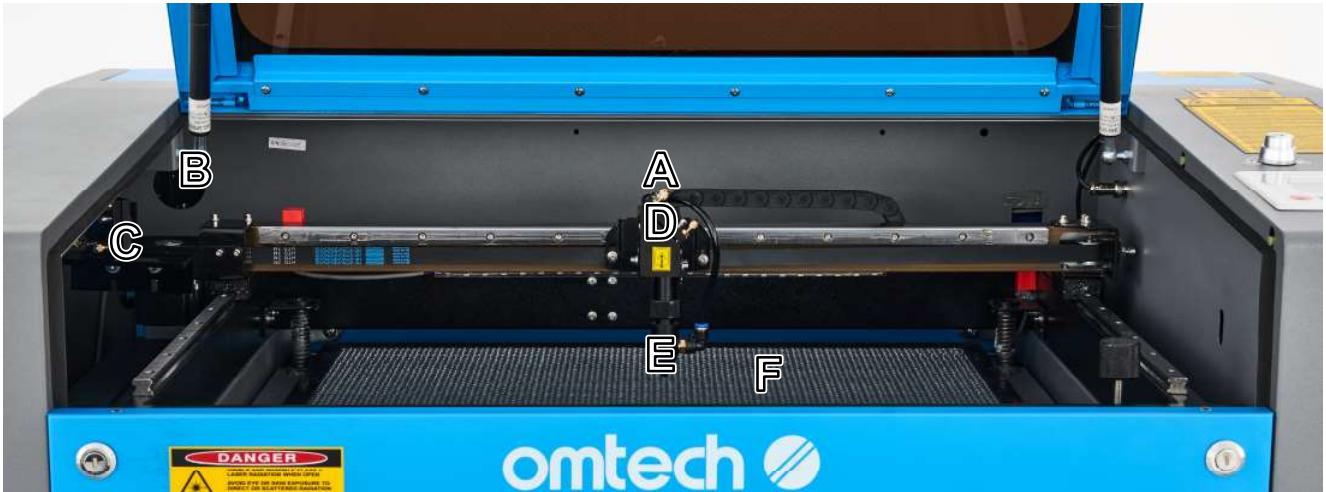
Right

- A. **Connection Inputs**—This panel includes the machine's ports for its USB, computer, and internet connections.
- B. **Right Access Door**—This door provides access to the mainboard, motor drivers, and power supplies.
- C. **Vents**—These vents keep components from overheating during prolonged use and should not be obstructed.
- D. **Power Ports**—These ports connect to your main power supply and ground the machine.



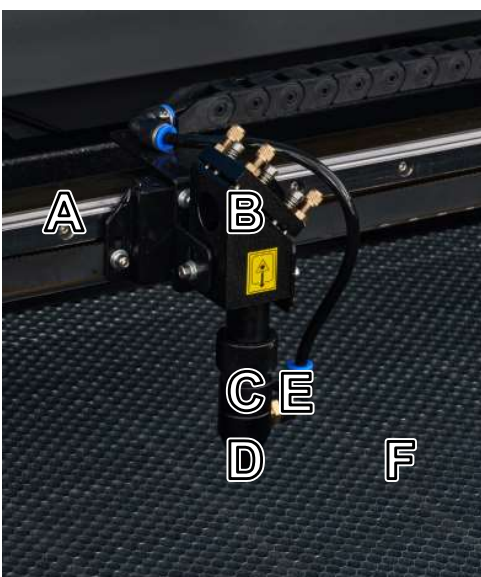
Rear

- A. **Upper Rear Access Door**—This door opens to the laser bay, holding the laser tube, its connections, and the red dot locator.
- B. **Laser Bay Interlock**—This switch automatically pauses work if this access door is opened.
- C. **Laser Tube**—This long glass tube is filled with helium, nitrogen, and CO₂ gas and water cooled to safely produce your engraving laser. Its connection to the laser power supply is extremely high voltage and extremely dangerous.
- D. **Rear Pass-Through Door**—This door is the rear equivalent of the front pass-through door and requires similar care during use.
- E. **Lower Left Rear Access Door**—This door provides access to the same area as the right access door.
- F. **Coolant Gauge**—This gauge shows the current level of coolant in your engraver's reservoir tank. Try to keep your level towards the top of the green zone marked **NORMAL**. Never use your engraver while it is in or near the red zone marked **ALARM**.
- G. **Cooling Fans**—These fans lower the temperature of your coolant. Ensure they are at least 8 inches (20 cm) from any wall or other obstruction and periodically clear any dust or debris that may accumulate.
- H. **Lower Rear Access Door**—This door holds your engraver's coolant gauge and provides access to the coolant tank, pump, tubes, and cooling fans.
- I. **Air Intake**—This port connects to your air assist to provide its pressurized air.



Laser Path

- A. Laser Tube**—This CO₂-filled glass tube is mounted on brackets and immobile. Its connection to the laser power supply is extremely high voltage and extremely dangerous.
- B. 1st Mirror**—This adjustable-angle mirror is fixed in place to transfer the engraving laser from the tube to the 2nd mirror.
- C. 2nd Mirror**—This adjustable-angle mirror moves with the X-axis rail to allow the laser beam to travel along the Y axis.
- D. 3rd Mirror**—This adjustable-angle mirror moves with the laser head to allow the laser beam to travel along the X axis.
- E. Focus Lens**—This lens directs and focuses the laser to the material.
- F. Workbed**—The bare workbed can be adjusted in height or fitted with aluminum or honeycomb tables for different projects.



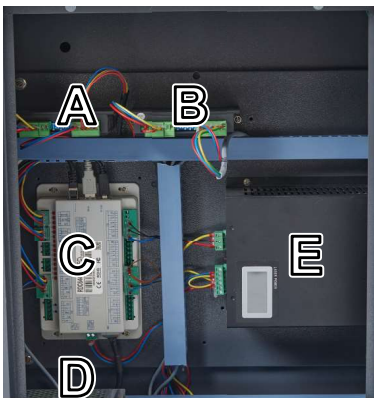
Laser Head

- A. X-Axis Rail**—This rail moves along the Y axis, with its movement controlled by limit switches.
- B. 3rd Mirror**—This adjustable-angle mirror transfers the laser from the 2nd mirror to the focus lens.
- C. Focus Lens**—This 18 mm lens directs and focuses the laser beam to its point of contact with the engraving material.
- D. Laser**—The engraving laser itself is invisible but highly dangerous. Avoid any direct exposure to your skin or eyes.
- E. Air Assist**—This device blows pressurized air to kill sparks and blow away gas and debris as you engrave.
- F. Workbed**—Use the provided acrylic tool to get the perfect focus for any thickness of material.



Connection Inputs

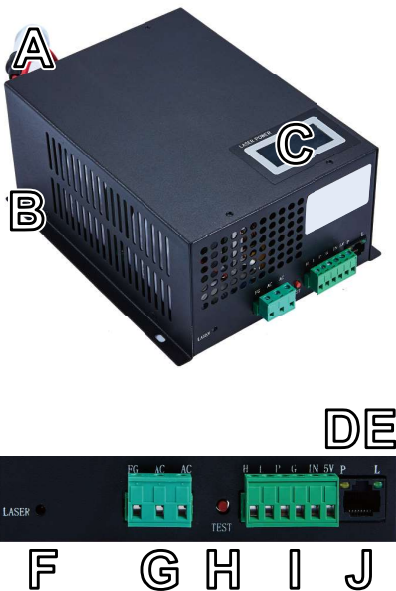
- A. **USB Port**—This port allows you to load and save designs and parameters directly onto the engraver.
- B. **USB Line Port**—This port connects to your control computer and its engraving software using any of its USB ports.
- C. **Ethernet Port**—This port connects to your control computer and its software either directly or via the internet.



Right Access Door

- A. **X-Axis Driver**—This device moves the laser head along the X rail.
- B. **Y-Axis Driver**—This device moves the X rail along the Y rail.
- C. **Mainboard**—This circuit board controls the engraving process, responding to commands from your engraving software or the machine's control panel.
- D. **Control Power Supply**—This device powers the machine's control panel.
- E. **Laser Power Supply**—This device transforms standard electricity into the extremely high voltage charge necessary for the laser tube.

Laser Power Supply



- A. **High-Voltage Wire**—This line is connected to the laser tube's anode or positive end, providing high-voltage current to power the laser.
- B. **Mounting Holes**—These standard slots allow simple installation and removal.
- C. **Digital Display**—This display provides the real-time current to the laser tube in milliamps and notification of any problems with the laser or water systems.
- D. **Water Indicator Light**—When connected, this light shows the water cooling system is operating.
- E. **Laser Signal Indicator Light**—This light shows the laser tube is operating.
- F. **Laser Indicator Light**—This light shows when current is being sent to the laser tube.
- G. **Main Power Terminal**—This terminal block holds the power supply's connection to the engraver's grounding (FG) and to the main power supply (AC).
- H. **Test Button**—This button is used to attempt to test fire the laser when troubleshooting problems. If the laser fires successfully, the problem will usually be with the control panel or its connections.
- I. **Connection Terminal**—This terminal block holds the connections to the high (H) and low level output (L), the water protection switch (P), another ground (G), and two laser signal controls (IN & 5V).
- J. **Ethernet Port**—This port allows you to connect the laser power supply to an external ammeter.

Control Console



Returns the machine to the saved default parameters.



Sets the starting point for the laser head.



Manually fires the laser.



Traces the outline of the current design for sizing.



Opens the file control menu.



Sets the speed of the current running layer or of the direction keys' movement.



Sets the maximum laser power of the current running layer or sets the power of the laser.



Sets the minimum laser power of the current running layer.



Starts or pauses the work.



Moves the X axis or the left/right cursor. Moves the Z or U axis if **Z Move** or **U Move** in the function menu has been selected.



Moves the Y axis or the up/down cursor.



Opens the function menu.

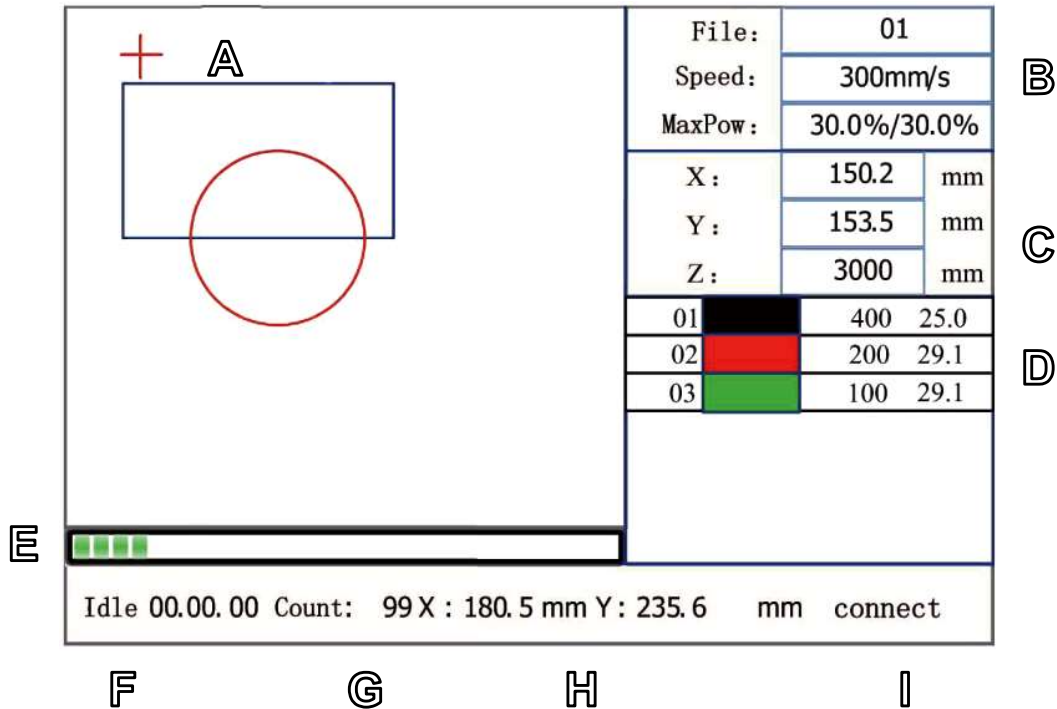




Stops work or exits from a submenu.



Enters a command or confirms your selection.

Console Screen



- A. **Graphic Display Area:** Traces the processed file image during file preview display and processing.
- B. **Parameter Display Area:** Displays the file number, speed, and maximum power of the current processing file.
- C. **Coordinate Display Area:** Displays the coordinate values of the current position of the laser head.
- D. **Layer Display Area:** Displays the layer parameters of the current processing file or the layer parameters of the preview file. The parameters from left to right are: layer, color, layer speed, and layer maximum power.
- E. **Progress Bar:** Displays the current processing progress.
- F. **System Status:** Displays the current working status of the system, which are idle, paused, completed, or running. The working time is displayed on the right.
- G. **Batch Process Number:** Displays the processed quantity of the current processing file.
- H. **File Dimensions:** Displays the dimensions of the current file.
- I. **Network Status:** Displays the status of connection to the Internet. When the network connection is successful,  is displayed. Otherwise,  is displayed.

2. Safety Information

2.1 Disclaimer

Your engraver may differ somewhat from those shown in this manual due to options, updates, etc. Please contact us if your engraving machine came with an outdated manual or if you have any other questions.

2.2 General Safety Instructions

- Your device should come with instruction labels in the following locations:



If any of these labels is missing, illegible, or becomes damaged, it must be replaced.

- Use this laser engraving device only in accordance with all applicable local and national laws and regulations.
- Use this device only in accordance with this instruction manual and the manual for the engraving software included with it. Only allow this device to be installed, operated, maintained, repaired, etc. by others who have also read and understood both manuals. Ensure that this manual and the software manual are both included with this device if it is ever given or sold to a third party.
- DO NOT** operate continuously for more than 3½ hours. Stop for at least 30 minutes between uses.
- DO NOT** leave this device unattended during operation. Observe the device throughout operation and, if anything seems to be operating strangely, immediately cut off **ALL** power to the machine and contact either our customer service or your dedicated repair service. Similarly, ensure the device is **FULLY** turned off after each use.
- DO NOT** allow minors, untrained personnel, or personnel suffering from physical or mental impairment that would affect their ability to follow this manual and the software manual to install, operate, maintain, or repair this device.
- Any untrained personnel who might be near the device while it is in operation **MUST** be informed that it is dangerous and fully instructed on how to avoid injury during its use.
- Always keep a fire extinguisher, water hose, or other flame retardant system nearby in case of accidents. Ensure that the local fire department's phone number is clearly displayed nearby. In the case of a fire, cut electrical power before dousing the flame. Familiarize yourself with the correct range for your extinguisher before use. Take care not to use the extinguisher too close to the flame, as its high pressure can produce blowback.



2.3 Laser Safety Instructions

When used as instructed, this machine comprises a Class 1 laser system safe for users and bystanders. However the invisible engraving laser, the laser tube, and its electrical connections remain **EXTREMELY** dangerous. Used or modified without care, they can cause serious property damage and personal injury including but not limited to the following:



- The laser will easily burn nearby combustible materials
- Some working materials may produce radiation or harmful gases during processing
- Direct exposure to the laser will cause bodily harm including serious burns and irreparable eye damage

As such,

- **DO NOT** modify or disable this device's provided safety features. Do not modify or disassemble the laser and do not use the laser if it has been modified or disassembled by anyone except trained and skilled professionals. Dangerous radiation exposure and other injury may result from the use of adjusted, modified, or otherwise incompatible equipment.
- **NEVER** leave any part of the cabinet open during operation except (when needed) the pass-through doors. Never interfere with the laser beam, do not place any part of your body in any part of the laser path during operation, and never attempt to view the laser directly. When using the pass-through doors or otherwise risking exposure to the laser beam, take measures to protect yourself from potentially reflected laser beams including the use of personal protective equipment such as protective eyewear specially designed to filter the specific wavelength of your engraver's laser with an optical density (OD) of 5+.
- **DO NOT** stare or allow others to stare continuously at the laser beam during operation even when the cover is closed and/or wearing protective eyewear. The visible red dot is only the locator light and should not be confused with the harmful invisible active laser. Do not, however, stare at the reflected locator either.
- **ONLY** use this engraver if its automatic shutoffs are working properly. When you first get this engraver and if you subsequently notice any problems, test them (see below) before undertaking any other work. Do not continue use if the shutoffs do not occur. Turn off the device and contact customer service or your repair service. Never disable these shutoffs except as part of a troubleshooting procedure overseen by a trained professional.
- **DO NOT** ever under **ANY** circumstances use this laser engraver if the coolant gauge is in or near its red zone or if the cooling system is not working properly. Always visually confirm that water is flowing through the entire system before turning on the laser tube. Immediately stop use if the cooling system malfunctions.
- **ONLY** use this engraver when the cooling fans on its rear side have adequate ventilation. They should be at least 8 inches (20 cm) from any obstruction and free of excessive dust or debris at all times.
- **DO NOT** use generic coolant or antifreeze in your cooling water, as they may leave corrosive residues and solidify inside your hoses and piping, causing malfunctions and even explosions. Use custom laser-safe formulations or use and store your engraver in a climate-controlled area.
- **DO NOT** leave potentially combustible, flammable, explosive, or corrosive materials nearby where they could be exposed to the direct or reflected laser beam.
- **DO NOT** use or leave sensitive EMI equipment nearby. Ensure the area around the laser is free of strong electromagnetic interference during any use.
- **ONLY** use this machine for working the materials described in the Material Safety section of this manual. The laser settings and engraving process must be properly adjusted for specific materials.
- Ensure the area is kept free of other airborne pollutants, as these might pose a similar risk of reflection, combustion, etc.

2.4 Electrical Safety Instructions

- **ONLY** use this device with a compatible and stable power supply with less than 5% fluctuation in its voltage.
- **DO NOT** connect other devices to the same fuse, as the laser system will require its full amperage. Do not use with standard extension cords or power strips. Use only surge protectors rated over 2000J.
- **ONLY** turn on the power to this device when it is well grounded, either via a firm connection to a 3-prong outlet or via a dedicated grounding cable firmly connected to the proper slot on the cabinet. Do not use with an ungrounded 3 to 2 prong adapter. The device's grounding should be checked regularly for any damage to the line or loose connections.
- The area around this laser engraving device should be kept dry, well ventilated, and environmentally controlled to keep the ambient temperature between 40–95°F (5–35°C). For best results, keep the temperature at 75°F (25°C) or below. The ambient humidity should not exceed 70%.
- Adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the electrical components of this device must be done **ONLY** by trained and skilled professionals to avoid fires and other malfunctions, including potential radiation exposure from damage to the laser components. Because specialized techniques are required for testing the electrical components of this marking system, it is recommended such testing only be done by the manufacturer, seller, or repair service.
- Unless otherwise specified, **ONLY** undertake adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the device when it is turned off, disconnected from its power supply, and fully cooled.



2.5 Material Safety Instructions

- Users of this laser engraving machine are responsible for confirming that materials to be processed can withstand the heat of the laser and will not produce any emissions or byproducts either harmful to people nearby or in violation of local or national laws or regulations. In particular, do not use this device to process polyvinyl chloride (PVC), teflon, or other halogen containing materials under any circumstances.
- Users of this laser engraver are responsible for ensuring that every person present during operation has sufficient PPE to avoid the injury from the emissions and byproducts of the materials being processed. In addition to the protective laser eyewear described above, this may require goggles, masks or respirators, gloves, and other protective outer clothing.
- **ONLY** use this engraver when its air assist is working properly. Periodically check that the pressure sensor can automatically disable the laser tube in the event of a problem (see §3.10 below) and check that the air assist intake filter is free of any dust or debris.
- **DO NOT** ever under any circumstances use this laser engraver if the exhaust system is not working properly. Always ensure that the exhaust fan can remove the dust and gas produced by the engraving process in accordance with all applicable local and national laws and regulations. Immediately stop use if the exhaust fan or vent pipe malfunctions.
- Users must exercise special caution when working with conductive materials as buildup of their dust and ambient particles may damage electrical components, cause short circuits, or produce other effects including reflected laser radiation.

This machine can be safely used with the following materials:

Plastics

- Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene (ABS)
- Nylon (Polyamide, PA, etc.)
- Polyethylene (PE)
- High-Density Polyethylene (HDPE, PEHD, etc.)
- Biaxially-Oriented Polyethylene Terephthalate (BoPET, Mylar, Polyester, etc.)
- Polyethylene Terephthalate Glycol (PETG, PET-G, etc.)
- Polyimide (PI, Kapton, etc.)
- Polymethyl Methacrylate (PMMA, Acrylic, Plexiglass, Lucite, etc.)
- Polyoxymethylene (POM, Acetal, Delrin, etc.)
- Polypropylene (PP, etc.)
- Styrene

Other

- Cardboard
- Ceramics, including Dishes, Tile, etc.
- Glass
- Leather
- Paper & Paperboard
- Rubber
- Stone, including Marble, Granite, etc.
- Textiles, including Cotton, Suede, Felt, Hemp, etc.
- Wood, including Cork, MDF, Plywood, Balsa, Birch, Cherry, Oak, Poplar, etc.

See §4.3 for the recommended parameters for the most commonly engraved materials.

This machine **CANNOT** be used with the following materials or with any materials which include them:

- Artificial Leather containing Hexavalent Chromium (Cr[VI]), due to its toxic fumes
- Astatine, due to its toxic fumes
- Beryllium Oxide, due to its toxic fumes
- Bromine, due to its toxic fumes
- Chlorine, including Polyvinyl Butyral (PVB) and Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC, Vinyl, Cintra, etc.), due to its toxic fumes
- Fluorine, including Polytetrafluoroethylenes (Teflon, PTFE, etc.), due to its toxic fumes
- Iodine, due to its toxic fumes
- Metals, due to their conductivity and reflectivity
- Phenolic Resins, including various forms of Epoxy, due to their toxic fumes
- Polycarbonate (PC, Lexan, etc.), due to its toxic fumes

For all other materials, if you are unsure about its safety or laserability with this device, seek out its material safety data sheet (MSDS). Pay especial attention to information about safety, toxicity, corrosiveness, reflectivity, and reaction(s) to high heat. Alternatively, contact our support department for further guidance.

3. Installation

3.1 Installation Overview

A complete working system consists of the laser engraving cabinet, its integrated air assist, cooling system, and exhaust system, all applicable connection cables, and the laser and access keys. The cabinet can use designs provided by the enclosed engraving software by direct or internet connection with your computer; it can also engrave designs loaded directly from a flash drive. Users can configure other additional accessories (such as an industrial water chiller, fume extractor, or rotary axis) to suit their needs.



Use only the hardware, wiring, and power sources that came with or are compatible with this device. Installing equipment that your device is not designed to work with can lead to poor performance, shortened service time, increased maintenance costs, property damage, and personal injury.

Please note the specific requirements of your system's installation. Every customer must understand these notes before installation to execute a proper setup and achieve safe laser performance. If you have any installation questions or problems, contact our technicians and customer support team.

Any auxiliary equipment must be adjusted to the base machine. Queries may be directed to the dealer or manufacturer of such equipment.

3.2 Location Selection

Before you install your engraver, select an appropriate location for its use.

Be sure that it meets all of the requirements discussed in the Safety Information above. The location should be stable, level, dry, and climate controlled to ensure an ambient temperature of 40–95°F (5–35°C) and an ambient humidity under 70%. In particular, the temperature and humidity together should not be close to the dew point. It is also advisable to use a windowless room or to use blinds and/or curtains to avoid exposure to the potential additional heat of direct sunlight. The location should be free of dust and other airborne pollutants and well ventilated enough to process any fumes produced by the engraving process in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations. Depending on the materials to be processed, this may require construction of a dedicated ventilation system. It should be away from children; combustible, flammable, explosive, or corrosive materials; and sensitive EMI devices. The back of the machine should be at least 8 inches (20 cm) from the nearest wall to provide suitable ventilation for the cooling fans. The power cord should be plugged into a compatible and stable power source via a grounded 3-prong outlet. No other item should be drawing current from the same fuse. There should be firefighting equipment nearby and the local fire department's phone number should be clearly displayed.

It is highly recommended to have an extra work table nearby in order to avoid placing objects on or directly adjacent to the machine, which could become a fire or laser hazard.

3.3 Unpacking Your Engraver

Your engraving machine arrives in a wooden crate with its accessories (including this manual) packaged in the main bay. You should have placed the crate in a spacious flat area for unpacking, ideally where you plan to operate the machine permanently. If you have not already done so, finish removing the crate from around your engraver. Once unpacked, the machine can be rolled into place.

Step 1. If you have not already done so, finish removing the crate from around your engraver. Each foot is attached to the base of the crate with a hex screw. Use a 7.8 mm hex wrench to remove them. Rotate the feet up, unlock the wheels, and roll the machine into place.

Step 2. Fix it in place by pressing down on the brake pads on the 2 front wheels and rotate the feet down to anchor them. If needed, suitable fasteners can also be used with the 0.2 inch (5 mm) holes to further secure your engraver.



- Step 3.** Retrieve the access keys next to the laser head and take out the accessories pack from the workbed. Check that you have received all of the following: a power cord, a ground wire, USB and Ethernet cables, a USB flash drive with engraving software included, an exhaust pipe with a hose clamp, a set of hex wrenches, a tube of silicone sealant, an acrylic focusing tool, keys, and this manual.
- Step 4.** **CAREFULLY** remove the rest of the foam packaging material from around the laser tube, the viewing window, and the rest of the machine. The laser tube is a highly fragile object and should be handled delicately and as little as possible.



- Step 5.** Inside the main bay, remove the nylon cable ties from the X axis and the honeycomb table.



- Step 6.** You may keep the packaging in case of future return but, if you dispose of it or any accessories, be sure to do so in compliance with applicable waste disposal regulations.

3.4 Electrical Grounding

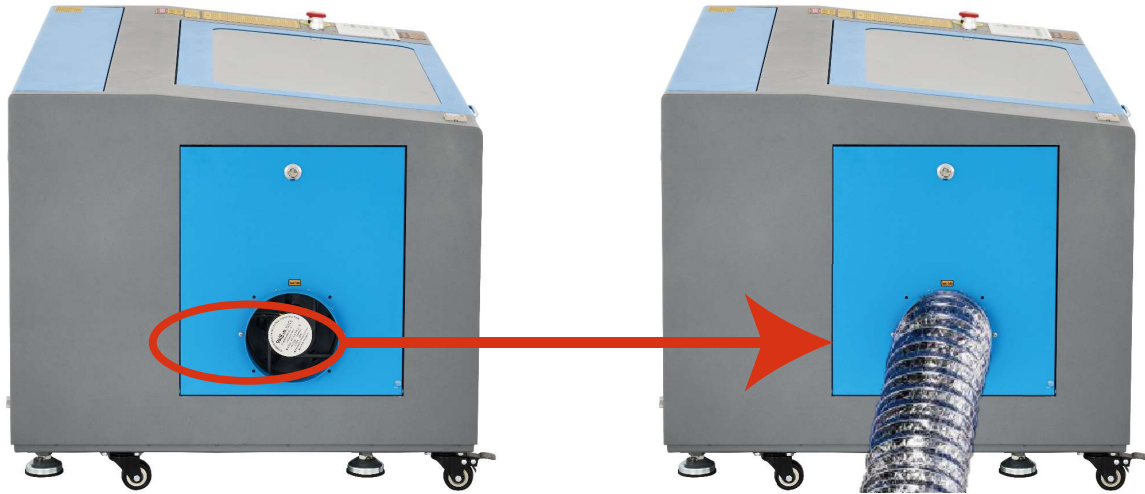
This device employs a powerful laser. As discussed in the Safety Information above, it is extremely high voltage and potentially dangerous, so users must securely ground it to avoid the buildup of static electricity. Using a standard 3-prong outlet will provide sufficient grounding. If you do not have access to a 3-prong outlet, you **MUST** use the grounding cable and ensure its proper connection. The far end of the cable should be securely connected to a single metal rod driven at least 8 feet (2.5 m) deep or to two separate metal rods driven at least 4 feet (1.2 m) deep into soil located at least 5 feet (1.5 m) from the machine. The resistance along the line should be no greater than 5Ω.



Poor grounding **WILL** cause equipment failure and create a serious electrical shock hazard. The manufacturer and/or seller bear(s) no responsibility and assume(s) no liability for any damage, accidents, or injuries caused by bad grounding connections.

3.5 Exhaust System Installation

Install the provided exhaust pipe directly onto the fan on the left side of your engraver. The pipe can be expanded to a full length of about 5 feet (1.5 m).



The other end should be connected to a dedicated purifier or (if the fumes are not hazardous and meet local and national air safety standards) placed out a window. **NEVER** operate the laser if the vent is not purifying or removing the fumes produced by the target material. Research materials before use and never operate the laser on any (such as PVC, teflon, and other halogen-containing substances) that can produce corrosive, hazardous, or even deadly fumes.

3.6 Main Power Connection

Confirm that the labeling beside the connection socket on the machine matches your power supply. Connect one end of the main cable to the connection socket and the other end to a grounded outlet. Under **NO** circumstances should you switch on the device if the voltages do not correspond.



Fluctuation along the line should be less than 5%. If this is exceeded, the fuses will blow. They are located in the connection socket and are accessible from the exterior. Similarly, do not connect this device to standard extension cords or power strips. Connect it directly to a grounded outlet or use a surge protector rated over 2000J.

3.7 Cooling System Inspection



The provided water pump is essential to your engraver's performance and longevity. When this laser works without a properly maintained cooling system, its glass tube **WILL** crack from excess heat.

Your engraver should arrive with about 2.1 quarts (2 L) of OMTech coolant already in place. Check the integrated gauge to confirm the coolant level is normal. See §5.2.1 for instructions on draining and filling the reservoir tank if it requires any adjustment. Partially open the lower rear access door to confirm that the reservoir is filled and well sealed. Your coolant should not require replacement during the first year of service, but top it up if the tank ever approaches the red area of the gauge.

Turn and pull the emergency stop button and confirm that the coolant begins to flow out of its tank, through the laser tube, and back into the tank. Check the gauge to confirm that filling the system did not lower the coolant level to the red zone and add more coolant or distilled water if necessary.

3.8 Air Assist Inspection

Your air assist should also arrive preinstalled and correctly wired. Check that its air intake filter is in place, clean, and not obstructed by any nearby objects. Confirm that pressurized air begins to blow from the laser head when the engraver is connected to power and turned on.



If any tubing or wiring needs to be adjusted or reconnected, turn off the machine and disconnect it from power before making any such adjustment.

3.9 Control Computer Connection

See the software manual for details on the requirements for the control computer. The control computer can be connected using the provided USB cable (via the port marked "USB to PC"), using the provided Ethernet cable ("Ethernet to PC"), or using the internet if the engraver has been connected to it using the Ethernet cable. If the control computer is directly connected to the engraver, it should not be placed more than 15 feet (4.5 m) away in order to avoid possible interference to the signal on its line. Familiarize yourself with the software's image design features and laser control settings before using it to operate the laser.

3.10 Initial Testing

Emergency Shutoff

Because of the risk of fire and other hazards during engraving, this engraver includes a large and easy-to-reach emergency stop button near the control panel. Press it down to stop the laser tube instantly.



When your engraver arrives, its e-stop is already pressed and must be pulled up to allow the laser to function. You should test that it works properly before conducting **ANY** other work with your machine. Place a piece of laserable scrap material on the workbed, close the cover, and press **PULSE** to fire the laser. Hit the emergency stop button and observe whether the laser stops instantly. If the laser continues to fire, the emergency stop is not working and must be replaced before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact customer service.

Cover Shutoff (Interlock)

Because of the risk of blindness, burns, and other injury from direct exposure to the invisible engraving beam, this device also shuts off the laser automatically when the protective cover is raised during operation.

After ensuring that the emergency stop button works, you should also test that the cover shutoff works properly before conducting any other work on your machine. Place a piece of laserable scrap material on the workbed, close the cover, and press **PULSE** to fire the laser. Release the button. Taking care not to expose yourself to seeing or being hit by any possible reflected laser light, open the cover as little as possible and attempt to fire the laser again. If the laser fires, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact customer service. (Note that the visible red dot locator is not the harmful active laser and may continue to work while the cover is open to help with positioning.)

Door Shutoffs (Interlocks)

The laser is also shut off automatically when the upper rear access door to the laser tube or the left access door to the side of the main bay is opened during operation. You should test that both door shutoffs work properly before conducting any other work on your machine. Repeat the steps from above, but opening the two access doors instead of the main cover.

Water Shutoff

Because of the danger of damage or explosion posed by an uncooled laser tube, this engraver also shuts off the laser automatically if the water cooling system malfunctions.

This can be tested by crimping or tying the water hoses and attempting to fire the laser. If you perform this test, be careful not to damage the hoses themselves and to only briefly activate the laser. If the laser does fire, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team. If the laser does not fire, the automatic shutoff is working correctly. Release the two hoses and run the water system for a minute or two, checking that no damage or leaks have occurred.

Air Pressure Shutoff

Because of the danger of fire posed by a lack of pressurized air at the point of engraving, this engraver also shuts off the laser automatically if the air assist malfunctions.

This can be tested by disconnecting, crimping, or tying the air hose coming from the air pump behind the left access door. Again, be careful not to damage the hose itself and to only briefly activate the laser. If the laser does fire, the automatic shutoff is not working and must be repaired before the engraver can be used. Turn off the machine and contact our technical support team. If the laser does not fire, the automatic shutoff is working correctly. Release or reconnect the hose and run the air assist for a minute or two, checking that no damage has occurred.

Laser Path Calibration

Although our factory calibrates your entire system during assembly, it is possible for the laser tube, the focus lens, and/or one or more of the mirrors to be jostled out of alignment during shipment. As such, it is recommended that you perform an optical alignment test as part of setting up your machine. See the Maintenance section below for step-by-step guidance. If the red dot locator does not turn on with the machine, check its power connections or contact customer service.

3.11 Security

For your own safety and that of passersby, this engraver can be locked shut using the provided key. It is recommended that you use it to lock the machine between sessions, preventing any unauthorized operation of the machine.

4. Operation

4.1 Operation Overview



Operate this laser marking machine only in accordance with all the instructions provided in this manual. Failure to follow the proper guidelines detailed here can result in property damage and personal injury.

This section will address only some of the options and features provided by the operation software. Before beginning to use the machine, make sure that you have read this entire manual (particularly the Safety Information above), the separate software manual, and any and all warnings provided on the machine itself.

4.2 General Operation Instructions

- Step 1.** Create your design that you'd like to engrave. You can do this directly in your engraving software or use any other graphics program, saving or converting the file to a format compatible with the engraver. See the full list of acceptable file types in the Technical Specifications section above.
- Step 2.** Turn on your fume extractor or ventilation system, if any.
- Step 3.** Check the engraver's coolant gauge to ensure it remains in the normal range.
- Step 4.** Turn and pull the emergency stop button. Confirm that the cooling system, air assist, exhaust fan, and internal lights have activated.
- Step 5.** Load your chosen design directly from a USB flash disk or through your computer's connection with the engraver.
- Step 6.** Open the engraver's cover and adjust the workbed if necessary. The honeycomb bed is recommended for most applications. The bed can be raised or lowered using the manual adjustment knob to accommodate different thicknesses of various materials. Alternatively, the honeycomb bed can be removed to expose the aluminum knife bed and provide a little more space for thicker projects. For heavier substrates, be careful to distribute the weight as evenly as possible across the reinforced aluminum supports.
- Step 7.** Place a sample piece of your material on the workbed. The standard location is in the top left corner of the workbed. This can be changed by moving either your design or the location of the engraver's origin using either the control panel or your engraving software.

To work on larger pieces of material, you may open the front or rear pass-through door or both together.



DO NOT insert anything onto the workbed through the pass-through doors other than the material while the laser is active. Pay special attention to the fumes and dust that may be released through these doors. Be sure that your ventilation system is strong enough to pull in all byproducts or wear the necessary PPE to ensure the health of users and passersby.

- Step 8.** Focus the laser by placing the acrylic focus tool on top of the material and carefully raising the workbed. The laser head should barely touch the top of the acrylic tool without applying any pressure, ensuring the engraving distance is correct. (Never attempt to focus the laser either way without some material on the workbed.) Close the cover.
- Step 9.** Customize your design's contrast and engraving depth by adjusting the parameters in your engraving software or directly through the control panel. If your engraving instructions detail the power setting in milliamperes, use the following conversion chart to find the appropriate power setting:

Power	20%	30%	40%	50%	65–75%	80%	90%	100%
Current (mA)	4	5	7	10	16	19	20	23

The threshold for the lowest setting is 10%. The laser will not fire at any setting lower than this. It is **NOT** recommended to use the laser tube at full capacity, especially for extended periods. The recommended maximum power setting is 70%, as prolonged use above that amount will shorten your laser's service life. To increase engraving depth, increase the amount of energy per unit area by increasing the laser's power or the number of loops or by slowing down the speed parameter. Engraving too deep, however, reduces image quality, especially for coated materials.

When working with new materials, remember that you should always start on the low end of likely settings. If the effect is not yet strong enough, you can always rerun the design loop several times or rerun it with more powerful settings until you create the effect that you want.

Resolution should usually be set to 500 dots per inch. Reducing your image resolution can be helpful in some cases, reducing flaming and increasing the energy of the pulse in a way that improves the quality of the resultant image in some materials such as some plastics.

- Step 10.** Turn on the laser tube by inserting and turning your laser key. To reduce the risk of electric shock, once the laser tube is on, try to touch the engraver with only one hand at a time.
- Step 11.** Press **START/PAUSE** to engrave your design. Again, do not stare continuously at the laser even through the protective polycarbonate window. Watch for possible issues like sparks or fires, however, and be prepared to quickly extinguish a fire if necessary.
- Step 12.** Once the laser has stopped, examine the quality of your first run and adjust the laser parameters on the control panel or in your software as necessary to create the desired effect.
- Step 13.** When you have finished your project, close your engraving software. Allow the cooling system to continue to run until the tube has safely cooled. Turn off the engraver using the laser key and the emergency stop. For best results, fully unplug your engraver or turn off its intermediary surge protector.
- Step 14.** Open the cover and remove any dust or debris buildup from the workbed and the various surfaces within the bay.

4.3 Instructions for Specific Materials

The following instructions are suggestions to help speed safe work with a range of materials. The user should research the specific safety and engraving requirements of their specific material to avoid the risk of fire, hazardous dust, corrosive and poisonous fumes, and other potential problems. Once the product is known to be safe or appropriate protective equipment has been set up, it can be helpful to engrave a test matrix of small boxes produced at various speed and power settings to discover the ideal settings for your design. Alternatively, start with low power and fast speed settings and rerun your design as many times as needed, using progressively greater laser intensity.

Average Engraving Settings

Description		Acrylic	Glass	Leather		Tile/Stone	Wood
				Natural	Artificial		
60W	Speed	300 mm/s	200 mm/s	375 mm/s	400 mm/s	145 mm/s	180 mm/s
	Power	20%	19%	17%	16%	19%	20%

Ceramics

When engraving on ceramics, generally use moderate to high power. Using more loops rather than higher power and lower speed can help avoid cracking the material during work. Be mindful of the health risk posed by dust generated from ceramic engraving, especially for repetitive industrial applications. Depending on the material and the amount of work, a fan or even full ventilation system may be required to address the problem. Similarly, operators and others in the work area may need to use breathing PPE such as masks and respirators.

Glass

When engraving glass, generally use high power and low speed. As with ceramics, it can be helpful to run more loops at lower settings to avoid cracks. Care must be taken when engraving fiberglass and carbon fiber to avoid combinations of settings that produce a laser intensity great enough to damage the structural integrity of its component fibers, producing blurry marking. PPE should be worn to avoid exposure of the eyes, nose, mouth, and skin to the dust produced by working with either material, especially for repetitive industrial applications. Clothing worn while working with fiberglass should be washed separately afterwards.

Leather

When engraving leather products, generally use low to moderate power at high speed. Natural leather should be engraved slightly slower and at slightly higher power than artificial leather. Be especially attentive to the possibility of fire, as well as the dust produced in repetitive applications.

Description		Thickness of Artificial Leather				
		1/16 in.	1/8 in.	1/4 in.	1/2 in.	3/4 in.
60W	Speed	20 mm/s	13 mm/s	4 mm/s	N/A	N/A
	Power	20%	28%	35%	N/A	N/A

Metal

CO₂ laser engravers should not be used for marking, engraving, or cutting metal. They are best suited for working coatings applied to a metal base, and care must be taken not to attempt work on the underlying metal itself. A variety of coatings specialized for CO₂ engraving are available, and the user should follow the instructions provided as the parameters vary from product to product and metal to metal. Generally, work on aluminum coatings should be done more quickly at lower power and work on steel coatings can be done more slowly at higher power.

Paper and Cardboard

When engraving various paper products, generally use low to moderate power and fast speed. Test samples from each batch, as only small parameter differences can separate effects that are too light from those that burn through the substrate. As with leather, be especially attentive of the possibility of fire, as well as the dust produced in repetitive applications.

Plastics

Plastics for engraving are available in many different colors and thicknesses and with many different coatings and surfaces. The majority of available plastics can be well engraved and cut with the laser. Plastics with a microporous surface seem to give the best result, because less surface material needs to be removed. When engraving plastics, generally use low power and high speed settings. Marking and engraving with too much power or at too low a speed can concentrate too much energy at the point of contact, causing the plastic to melt. Among other problems, this may produce poor engraving quality, noxious fumes, and even fires. High resolution engraving can cause the same problem, so medium to low resolution designs should be preferred for most plastics.

Description		Thickness of Acrylic				
		1/16 in.	1/8 in.	1/4 in.	1/2 in.	3/4 in.
60W	Speed	20 mm/s	11 mm/s	5 mm/s	3 mm/s	2 mm/s
	Power	20%	25%	37%	48%	58%

Rubber

The various compositions and densities of rubber cause slightly varying engraving depth. Testing various settings on sample pieces of your specific rubber is highly recommended for best results. When engraving rubber, generally use a consistent high power setting and create your effects by varying the laser's speed. Microporous rubber materials require a significantly higher speed than standard rubber. Engraving any kind of rubber produces a considerable amount of dust and gas. Depending on the amount of work, breathing PPE and/or a full ventilation system may be required to address the problem.

Stone

When engraving various kinds of stone, generally use moderate power and moderate to fast speed. As with ceramics and glass, be mindful of the dust created (especially for repetitive industrial applications) and take similar measures to ensure the safety of users and others in the work area.

Textiles

When engraving textiles like cloth and fleece, generally use low power and fast speed. As with leather, be especially attentive to the possibility of fire and dust.

Wood

As with rubber, there is a huge variety of woods and testing your specific material is essential to get the best results. In general, wood with consistent grain and coloring engraves more evenly. Knotted wood produces uneven effects, while resinous wood produces greater edge contrast. Some soft woods like balsa, cork, and pine engrave well (albeit with low contrast) at low or moderate power settings and high speed. Others like fir suffer from uneven fibers that usually produce a poor effect no matter what you do. Hard woods like cherry and oak engrave well at high power settings and low speed. Manufactured wood products can vary from brand to brand, mostly based on its glue composition and abundance. MDF works well but creates dark edges when cut.

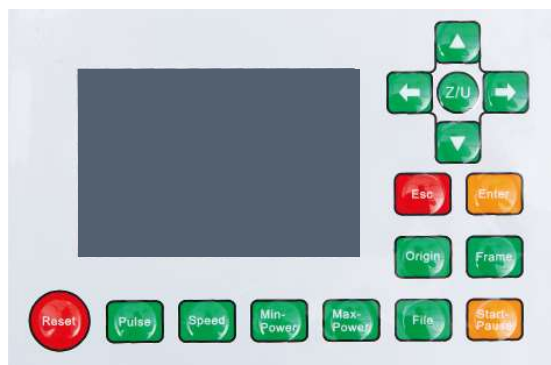
In addition to the risk of fire with any wood product, extra care must be taken with the fumes from the glue used in plywood and other manufactured woods. Some are too dangerous to work with at all, while others require careful ventilation and the use of breathing PPE for repetitive industrial applications. Wood toxicity should also be examined, as the dust from some natural woods including oleander and yew can also cause nausea and cardiac problems in high enough amounts.

Description		Thickness of Baltic Birch Plywood				
		1/16 in.	1/8 in.	1/4 in.	1/2 in.	3/4 in.
60W	Speed	16 mm/s	12 mm/s	6 mm/s	4 mm/s	2 mm/s
	Power	20%	25%	32%	45%	50%

4.4 Control Console Instructions

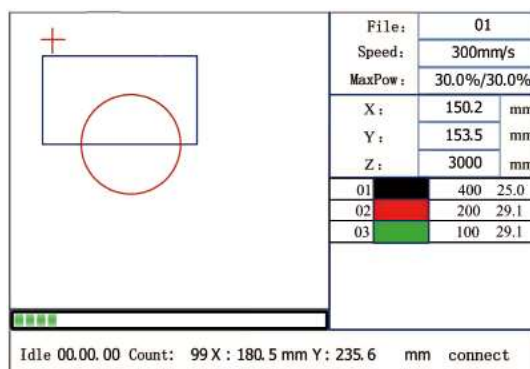
4.4.1 Overview

You can control your engraver directly from the built-in control panel, through a direct connection with your computer, or over the internet. For details on operating your engraving software, see its separate manual. The built-in control panel can operate the laser manually or engrave designs loaded onto flash drives and external hard drives connected to the USB port on the right side of the cabinet.



For manual operation, the arrow keys can be used to move the laser head along the X and Y-axis guide rails and the **PULSE** button can be used to fire the laser. The laser head can be set to tab over a set distance each time the arrow buttons are pressed by hitting **Z/U** and adjusting the parameters under Manual Set+. The laser can be set to fire for a fixed period by pressing **Z/U** and adjusting the parameters under Laser Set+. All of the buttons and menus should be labelled in English. If they are not, press **Z/U** and go to the top button in the right column to change the console's language settings.

To load a design from a FAT16 or FAT32 formatted flash disk or external hard drive, press **FILE** and then select Udisk+ and Copy to Memory. Select the design in the File menu and then select Run. Various parameters can be adjusted using the console's menus and submenus, including setting multiple origin points to engrave the design on your material four times in a single session.



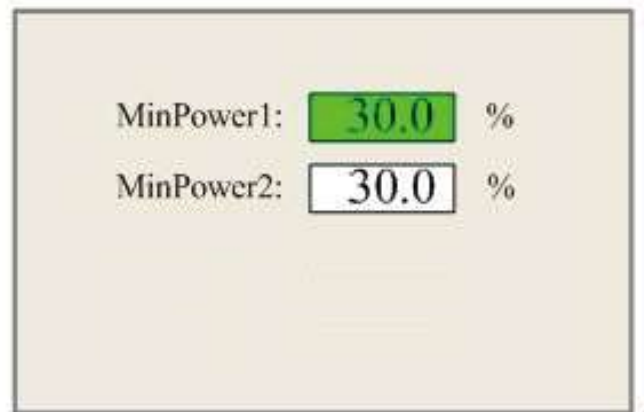
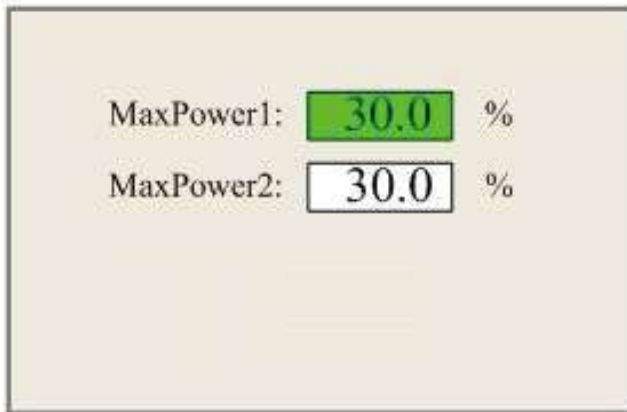
When running a design from the control console, this will be the main display. The design should appear in the top left corner and its name and the current speed and power settings on the top right. The position of the laser head relative to the workbed appears as the X (horizontal) and Y (vertical) coordinates. The Z coordinate shows the elevation of the workbed itself although it can only be automatically adjusted if a motorized lift is installed. The U coordinate can be configured to control rotary axes or an automatic feed if either is installed. Below them are the layers with notes about their separate speeds in mm/s and their maximum power as a % of your machine's rated power. The batch count on the lower left keeps track of the number of times the current design has been engraved in a single session. Like the button says, press **START-PAUSE** to start engraving your loaded pattern and to pause engraving when needed.



If there is ever an emergency situation such as a fire, do not use the control panel to pause or stop the engraving. Hit the emergency stop button immediately.

4.4.2 Setting the Laser Power

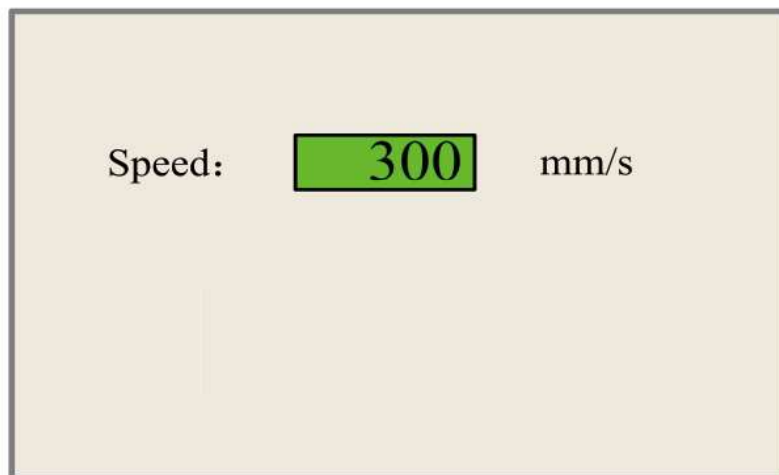
Select **Max-Power** or **Min-Power** on the main interface, and the following displays will appear.



When **Z/U** is pushed, the green block can move up and down to denote the changing item. Then **▲** or **▼** and **◀** or **▶** can be used to change the value. Press **ENTER** to save the change. Press **ESC** to invalidate the change and return to the main interface.

4.4.3 Setting the Laser Speed

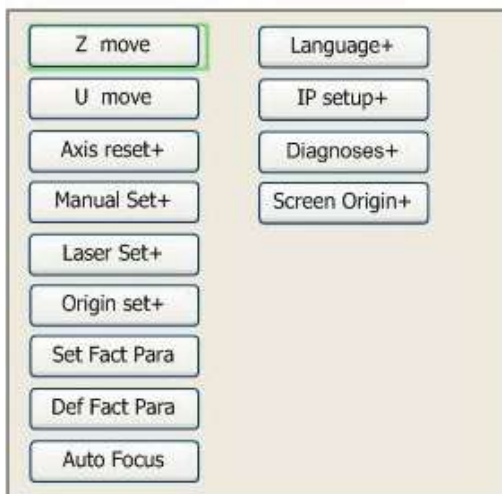
Push **SPEED** on the main interface, and the following dialogue box will appear:



A cursor will appear when pushing **◀** or **▶**. Move the cursor to the numeral area and push **▲** or **▼** to change the value. Press **ENTER** to save the change. Press **ESC** to invalidate the change and return to the main interface.

4.4.4 Function Menu

Press **Z/U** on the main interface to enter the Function interface, as shown below:



Push **▲** or **▼** to select an item, and then push **ENTER** to enter the corresponding submenu.

4.4.5 Adjusting the Z Axis

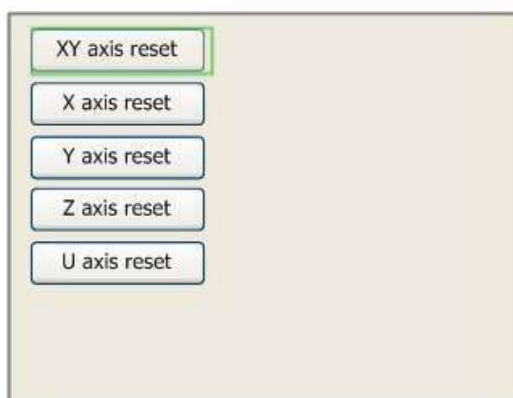
When Z Move is selected, push **◀** or **▶** to control the movement of the Z axis when a motorized workbed (sold separately) is installed.

4.4.6 Adjusting the U Axis

When U Move is selected, push **◀** or **▶** to control the movement of the U axis. This can be used to control the rotational position of a rotary axis or the linear position of an automatic feed (both sold separately) if either is installed.

4.4.7 Resetting the Axes

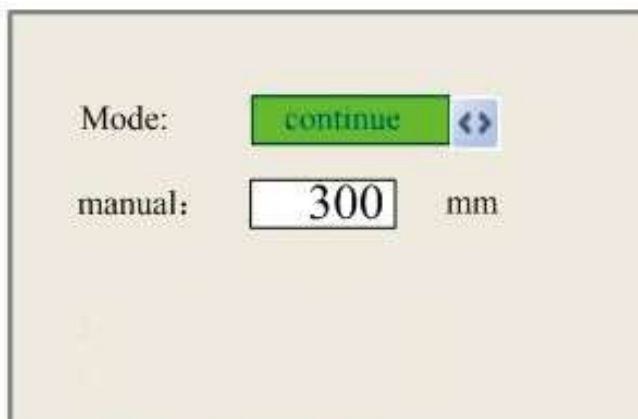
When Axis Reset+ is selected, push **ENTER** and the display will show:



Push **▲** or **▼** to select an item. Press **ENTER** to start the resetting of the selected axis, and the message “Resetting Is Underway” will show on the screen. Upon completion, the message will automatically disappear and the system will return to the main interface.

4.4.8 Adjusting the Laser Movement Mode

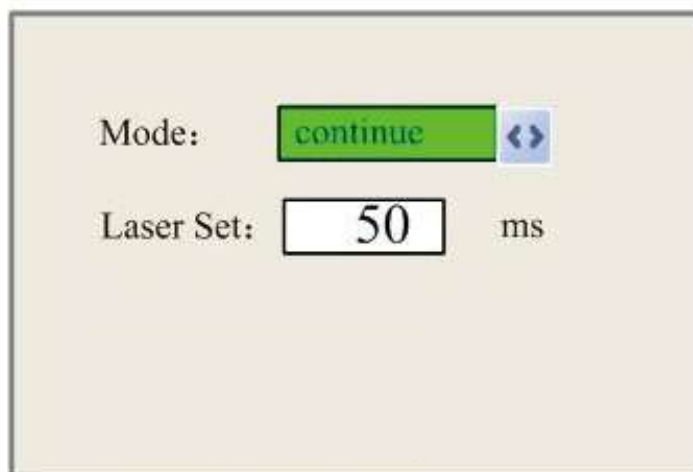
When Manual Set+ is selected, press **ENTER** and the following will be displayed:



When Mode is selected, push ◀ or ▶ to choose between the two modes Continue and Manual. Push Z/U to move the cursor. When the cursor is on Manual, push ◀ or ▶ and ▲ or ▼ to change the parameters. If the continuous mode is selected, release this button and the laser stops. If the continuous mode is selected when **PULSE** is pressed, the laser head will move continuously as long as the direction arrows are held down. If the manual mode is selected, each time the direction arrows are pressed, the laser head will move by precisely the distance shown beside Manual in this screen.

4.4.9 Adjusting the Laser Pulse Mode

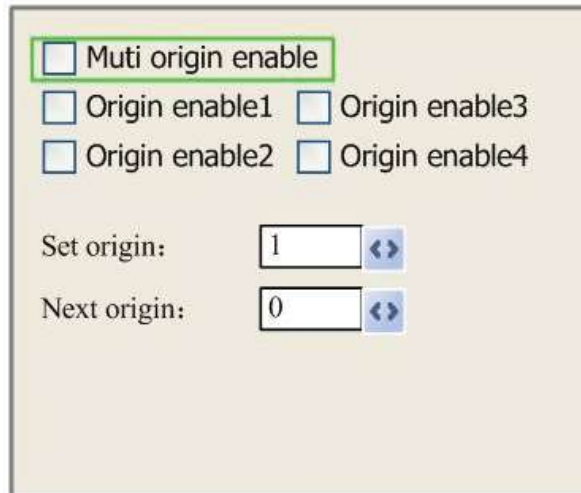
When Laser Set+ is selected, press **Enter** and the display will show:



The operation method is the same as the previous setting. When Continue is selected, press **PULSE** to fire the laser, and release the key to finish firing. When Manual is selected, pushing **PULSE** will fire the laser for precisely the period shown beside Laser Set in this screen.

4.4.10 Setting the Origin

When Origin Set+ is selected, press **ENTER** and the display will show:



The screenshot shows a menu with the following options:

- Muti origin enable
- Origin enable1 Origin enable3
- Origin enable2 Origin enable4

Below the checkboxes are two input fields:

- Set origin:
- Next origin:

Press **Z/U** to select an item. When Multi Origin Enable is selected, press **ENTER** to enable or disable the item. When enabled, the small box will be red and, when disabled, the small box will be gray. When selecting Set Origin or Next Origin, push **◀** or **▶** to select the value. When changing the parameters of Set Origin, remember to press **ENTER** to validate the change. Parameters will be saved automatically when the interface is closed.

Details of each item are shown below:

- **Multiple Origins Enable:** Yes or No can be selected. If you select No, the system will use single-origin settings. You can press **ORIGIN** and set the origin. If you select Yes, the system will use the multiple-origin settings and **ORIGIN** on the keyboard becomes invalid. In this case, the parameter of each origin must be set in the menu as follows.
- **Set Origin 1/2/3/4:** After the multiple-origin setting is enabled, put the cursor on Set as Origin 1/2/3/4. Press **ENTER** on the keyboard and the system will take the coordinates as the corresponding ones of the origin 1/2/3/4.
- **Next Origin:** Users can choose from 0–4, which represent the origins to be used for the next figure. Origin 0 refers to the origin set by **ORIGIN** under the single-origin setting. 1–4 represent the origins under the multiple-origin setting. The next origin can be chosen from origin 1–4 so as to control the starting point of the next job. However, it cannot be changed to origin 0.
- **Origin Enable 1/2/3/4:** After the multiple-origin setting is enabled, the four origins can also be individually disabled and enabled.

The system can use multiple different origins. If you select Take the Original Origin as the Origin, the work started for each time will use different origins. The rotation order of origin is 1→2→3→4→1→2... If the processing file is uploaded to the PC and this file selects Take the Current Origin as the Origin, the system will always use the current origin.

4.4.11 Setting Default Parameters

When Set Fact. Para. is selected, the following interface will be displayed:



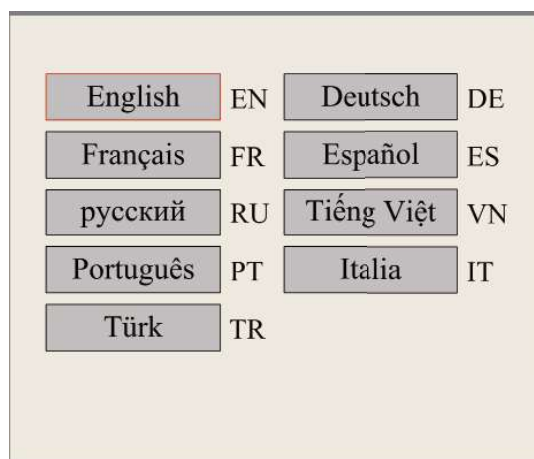
Push **←** or **→** and **▲** or **▼** to select a password and press **ENTER** to save it. The current parameters of the machine will be stored as its defaults. They can then be retrieved by using the Restore Default Parameters command. It is recommended that you save your machine's actual factory default settings, so they can be easily restored when need be.

4.4.12 Restoring Default Parameters

When Def. Fact. Para. is selected, the system will replace all current parameters with the saved default factory parameters. The operation method is the same as setting the default parameters.

4.4.13 Setting the Interface Language

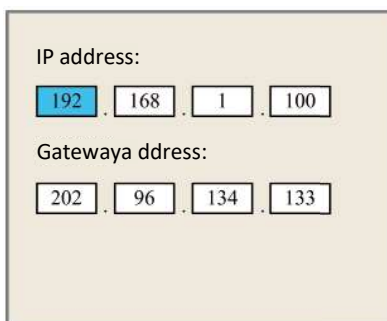
When Language+ is selected, press **ENTER** and the display will show:



The operation method is the same as those described above. Press **ENTER** when the desired language is selected, and then return to the main interface.

4.4.14 Setting the Machine's IP Address

When IP Setup+ is selected, press **ENTER** and the display will show:

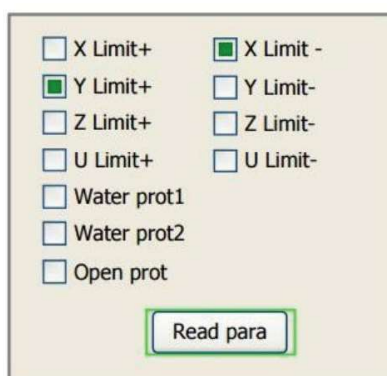


IP address:
192 . 168 . 1 . 100
Gateway address:
202 . 96 . 134 . 133

Press **Z/U** to select an item, and push **←** or **→** and **▲** or **▼** to change the parameters. The default address of the engraver is 192.168.1.100. If this is already in use on your local network, use 192.168.1 for the first three sections and choose a unique value for the last section. Typically, any value from 2–252 except 47 should be OK but avoid values already being used by your other networked devices. Direct connection of the machine to the public internet risks unauthorized use and is not recommended. If you wish to provide it anyway, you will need to register and use a unique public TCP/IP address. Press **ENTER** to save the changes or **ESC** to discard changes and return to the previous menu.

4.4.15 Diagnostic Tools

When Diagnoses is selected, press **ENTER** and the display will show:



X Limit+ X Limit -
 Y Limit+ Y Limit-
 Z Limit+ Z Limit-
 U Limit+ U Limit-
 Water prot1
 Water prot2
 Open prot

This interface contains input/output information of the system's hardware. Press Read Para. to access hardware information. When the hardware signal is triggered, the small box to the left of the corresponding item will be displayed in green, otherwise it will be gray. Press **ESC** to return to the previous menu.

4.4.16 Setting the Screen Reference

When Screen Origin is selected, press **ENTER** and the display will show:

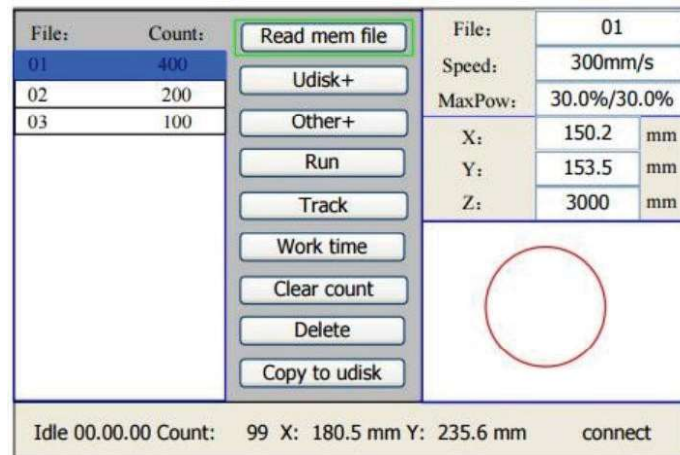


Origin locat:

This interface sets the relative position of the origin. Different origin positions can generate different reflections of the graph over the X/Y axis. The operation method is the same as those described above.

4.4.17 File Management

Select **FILE** on the main interface, and the following dialogue box will appear:



The system will automatically read the memory files. The file name and the work times will be listed and the selected file will be previewed in the upper right corner. Different memory files can be selected by using **▲** or **▼**. Press **ENTER** to preview the selected file on the main interface. Press **ESC** to close the preview.

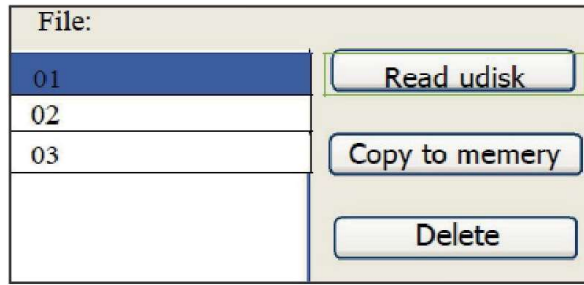
Push **◀** or **▶**, and the light blue cursor can be moved left and right to switch between file column in the left and item column in the middle. If the file is being previewed, the preview will be closed when switching to the item column. When the light blue cursor is on the item column, push **▲** or **▼** to select the item and press **ENTER** to activate the item. Press **ESC** to return to the main interface.

Items in the item column are as follows:

- **Read Mem File:** Reads the list of files in the system's memory.
- **Udisk+:** Reads the file list of an inserted USB drive.
- **Other+:** Other operations involving the files in the system's memory.
- **Run:** Runs the selected file.
- **Track:** Tracks the selected file, and the track mode is optional.
- **Work Time:** Forecasts the running time of the selected file.
- **Clear Count:** Clears the running times of the selected file.
- **Delete:** Deletes the selected file.
- **Copy to Udisk:** Copies the selected file to an inserted USB drive.

4.4.18 Reading USB Files

If Udisk+ is pressed, the display will show:

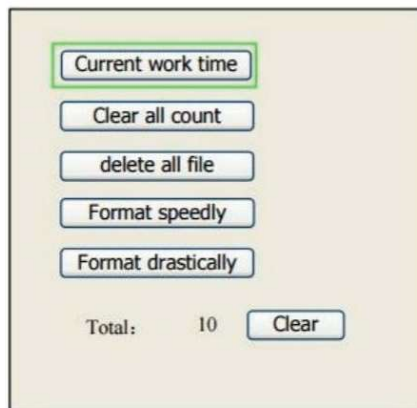


- **Read Udisk:** Reads the file list in the inserted USB drive.
- **Copy to Memory:** Copies the target file to the system.
- **Delete:** Deletes the selected file from the USB drive.

The system supports FAT16 and FAT32 formats, but files can only be identified when placed in the root directory of the flash drive. File names with more than 8 characters will be automatically truncated. File names containing characters other than English letters and numbers cannot be shown by the display. Files copied from the system to the flash drive will be placed in the root directory of the USB drive.

4.4.19 System Memory Management

If Other+ is pressed, the display will show:



- **Current Work Time:** Previews the running time of the current file.
- **Clear All Count:** Clears the count of every file in the memory.
- **Delete All Files:** Deletes all memory files.
- **Format Speedily:** Deletes all files in memory but allows them to be retrieved by using Restore Factory Parameters (under Menu) if they have previously been backed up.
- **Format Drastically:** Reformats the memory, **IRRETRIEVABLY** deleting all files in memory.
- **Total:** The total count of all the files.

5. Maintenance

5.1 Maintenance Overview



The use of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous laser radiation exposure. Before any cleaning or maintenance work, always switch off the device and disconnect it from power. Always keep the system clean, as flammable debris in the working and exhaust areas constitutes a fire hazard. **ONLY** allow trained and skilled professionals to modify or disassemble this device.

- Clean and cool water or laser-safe coolant must be provided to the system at all times. Confirm the coolant gauge is in the green zone before and after each use.
- The workbed must be cleaned on a daily basis.
- The 3rd mirror and the focus lens must be checked every day and cleaned if required.
- The other mirrors, exhaust system, and air intake filter must be checked every week and cleaned if required.
- The beam alignment should be checked weekly.
- The wiring should be checked every week for loose connections, especially the wiring for the laser tube power supply.
- The guide rails should be cleaned and lubricated at least twice a month.
- The air assist must be checked every month and cleaned if required.
- All other components of the laser machine should be checked every month and cleaned where required.

5.2 Cleaning



ALWAYS allow any fluid used in any cleaning to dry completely before further use of the engraver.

5.2.1 Cleaning the Cooling System



NEVER touch or adjust your engraver's water supply while your engraver is still connected to power.

Your coolant tank should be shielded from ambient dust created during work. If your coolant ever becomes visibly dirty, discontinue work. The debris in the water will reduce its cooling efficiency, can heat up itself, and can damage the cooling pipes.

Partially open the lower rear access door so that the water reservoir remains upright. Remove the cap from the fill port and fit a hose over the outlet. Prepare a drain or basin to receive your engraver's coolant, and carefully lower the access door the rest of the way. Be sure as much coolant as possible drains without any spilling into the engraver, creating a risk of electrical shorts, or onto the floor, creating a slip and fall hazard.

If the coolant is especially polluted, partially raise the access door and use a funnel or a funnel and hose to refill the tank with clean water. Replace the reservoir cap and close the access door. Run the system for a few minutes and then extract the water again to remove other impurities from the line. To finish cleaning, raise the access door to a partially open position and use a funnel or a funnel and hose to refill the tank with clean distilled water or laser-safe coolant. Replace the reservoir cap, close the door, and resume use.

If your coolant remains visibly clean at all times, it is still recommended that you clean the reservoir at least once a year as a precaution against contaminant and microbial buildup, replacing the fluid as you do so.

5.2.2 Cleaning the Main Bay and Engraver

Check at least once a day whether dust has accumulated in the main engraving bay. If so, it must be removed. The exact cleaning interval and requirements strongly depend on the material being processed and the operating time of the device. A clean machine guarantees optimal performance and reduces service costs, as well as reducing the risk of fire or injury.

Clean the viewing window with mild cleansers and a lens or cotton cloth. **DO NOT** use paper towels as they can scratch the window and reduce the cover's ability to protect you from laser radiation. Clean the interior of the main bay thoroughly, removing any debris particles or deposits. Paper towels and window cleaner are recommended. When necessary, clean the cover of the laser tube after it has been allowed to cool completely.

5.2.3 Cleaning the Focus Lens

The lens has a durable coating and won't be damaged by correct and careful cleaning. You should check the lens and the 3rd mirror daily and clean them if there is any debris or haze on their surface. Your laser will be less efficient and heat buildup on the oil or dust itself can damage the lens.

1. Move the engraving table to a distance approximately 4" (10 cm) under the lens holder.
2. Move the laser head into the center of the workbed and put a cloth under the lens holder so that the lens will not be damaged if it accidentally falls from its holder.
3. Unscrew the lens holder, rotating to the left.



4. Remove the pressurized air hose and laser guide connections.



5. Once positioned over your clean lens-cleaning tissue, remove the lens from the lens holder by carefully turning the lens holder and letting the lens and its O-ring drop onto the cleaning cloth.
6. Examine the O-ring and, if necessary, clean it with a cotton bud and a lens-cleaning tissue or cloth.
7. Remove coarse dust as well as possible by blowing air onto the lens surface.
8. Check the surface and, if necessary, clean the lens with the lens cleaning liquid and lens tissue or cloth.
9. Hold the lens assembly by its edge with a lens-cleaning tissue and use a drop of lens-cleaning liquid. While holding the lens at an angle, flush both surfaces to wash away grime.
10. Put the lens on a clean lens-cleaning tissue and put some lens-cleaning liquid on one side of the lens. Leave the liquid to take effect for approximately one minute and then gently wipe it away with lens-cleaning tissues soaked with lens-cleaning liquid. Dry this side of the lens with dry lens-cleaning tissues/cloth.

11. Repeat the same cleaning process on the other side of the lens.



NEVER use a cleaning tissue twice. Dust accumulated in the cleaning tissue could scratch the lens surface.

12. Examine the lens. If it is still dirty, repeat the cleaning process above until the lens is clean. Do not touch the surface of the lens after cleaning.

13. Carefully insert the lens into the lens holder, ensuring that its rounded convex side is facing upwards. Put the O-ring on top of the lens.

14. Carefully reassemble the lens and laser head attachments in reverse order.




5.2.4 Cleaning the Mirrors

The mirrors should be similarly cleaned if there is any debris or haze on their surface to improve performance and avoid permanent damage. The 1st mirror is located in the back left of the machine beyond the far end of the Y axis. The end of the laser tube closest to this mirror is itself a semitransparent mirror that should be checked at the same time. The 2nd mirror is located on the Y axis at the left end of the X axis. The 3rd mirror is located on top of the laser head on the X axis. The most detritus accumulates on the 3rd mirror and it should be checked daily along with the focus lens. The laser tube and the 1st and 2nd mirrors can be checked daily if desired but are usually fine if they are only checked once a week.



The semitransparent mirror at the end of the laser tube should only be cleaned when the engraver is fully disconnected from power and the tube is fully cooled. Clean all four mirrors with lens-cleaning tissue or with cotton wetted with lens-cleaning liquid or isopropyl alcohol. The 3 positioning mirrors can be cleaned in place or removed for cleaning by turning them counterclockwise. Take care not to touch the surface of any mirror directly. Clean with gentle circular motions and avoid pressing hard enough to grind any debris or cause scratching. If any mirrors are removed for cleaning, reinstall them by turning them into place clockwise while again being careful to avoid any scratching.

5.3 Cooling System Maintenance

 **NEVER** touch or adjust your engraver's water supply while your engraver is still connected to power.


In addition to the regular cleaning above, check that the coolant level remains in the green (**NORMAL**) zone of its gauge before and after each use. If the tank ever begins to run low, top it up as described in §5.2.1.


5.4 Laser Path Alignment

Having a proper beam alignment is important for the overall efficiency of the machine and quality of its work. This machine went through a complete beam alignment before shipping. When the engraver first arrives and about once a week during normal operation, however, it is recommended that users confirm that alignment is still at acceptable levels and that the mirrors and focus lens have not shifted due to the movement of the machine.



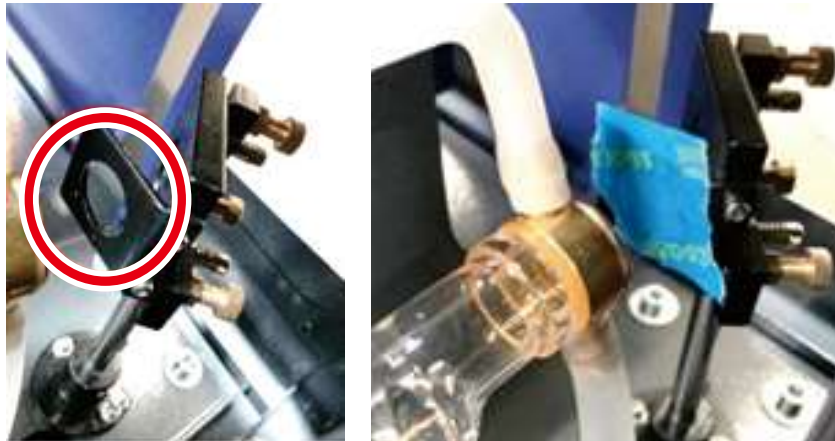
You will need to place a piece of tape at each stage of the laser path, marking it to confirm that that stage remains correctly aligned. When it is not, you will use the laser tube's brackets or the screws on the back of the misaligned mirror to correct the problem. Once the provided tape runs out, we recommend masking tape as it is easy to manage and use.

 Performing a beam alignment can expose the operator to small amounts of radiation if performed carelessly. Follow these procedures correctly and always take caution when performing a beam alignment.

 Perform a beam alignment at low power levels: 15% or less. Any higher percentage will cause the laser to ignite the testing tape instead of marking it. Be sure that you set the Max. Power (not Min.) to 15%.

5.4.1 Red Dot Locator Alignment

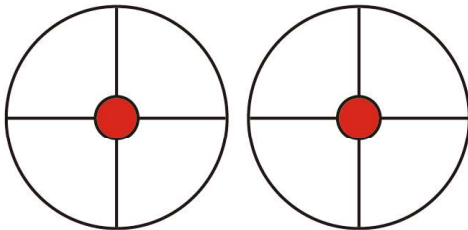
To test the alignment of the laser tube with the 1st mirror, cut out a piece of tape and place it on the mirror's frame.



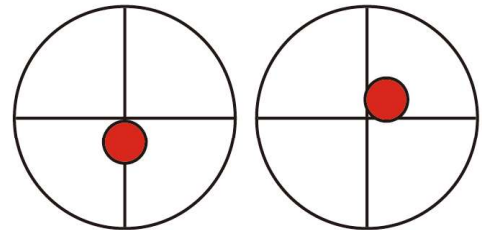
DO NOT place the tape directly onto the mirror. Turn on the machine. You should be able to see a small red dot on the tape. To check alignment directly from the laser (not recommended), close the bays and set the power level to 15% or lower. Press **PULSE** to manually fire the laser. You should be able to see a small mark on the tape. If it is not noticeable, press **PULSE** again.



Pressing **PULSE** activates the laser. Always make sure the path is clear between the laser and its target. Never allow foreign objects between the laser and its target. Take care not to leave any part of your body in the laser path while pressing the **PULSE** button.



These marks are OK.



These marks require adjustment.

The dot or mark should be near the center of the hole. If the laser is not centered on the 1st mirror, cut the power to your laser and carefully adjust the laser tube in its brackets. This may require loosening the bolts on its stand. Be careful not to overloosen the bolts and not to overtighten them. Only adjust one stand at a time.

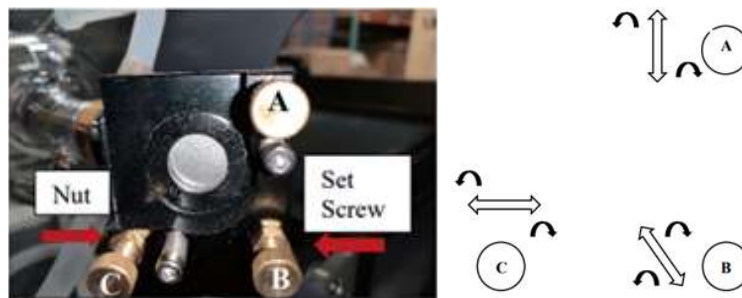


5.4.2 1st Mirror Alignment

After ensuring the laser is well aligned between the laser tube and 1st mirror, check the alignment between the 1st and 2nd mirrors. First, use the direction arrows on the control panel to send the 2nd mirror to the back of the bed along the Y axis.



Once set, place a piece of tape on the 2nd mirror's frame. **DO NOT** place the tape directly onto the mirror. Repeat the steps from §5.4.1. If the laser is not centered on the 2nd mirror, you will need to adjust the 1st mirror's set screws accordingly.



To adjust the mirror, loosen the nut on the screw and then slightly turn the screw either clockwise or counterclockwise. Each screw adjusts a different position or angle. Keep track of which screw you are adjusting and the direction of adjustment. Do not turn the screw more than $\frac{1}{4}$ turn at a time and, especially at first, test the position of the laser after each adjustment so that you learn the effect of each change. Test until the beam is well aligned and then retighten the nuts on the screws once all adjustments are completed.

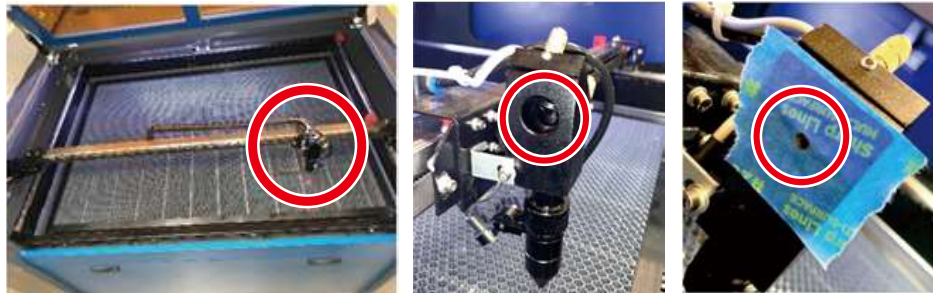
Next, use the direction arrows on the control panel to send the 2nd mirror to the front of the bed along the Y axis.



Once set, place another piece of tape on the 2nd mirror's frame. **DO NOT** place the tape directly onto the mirror. Repeat the steps from §5.4.1 and, if necessary, adjust the set screws on the 1st mirror. Test again until the beam is well aligned and retighten the nuts on the set screws.

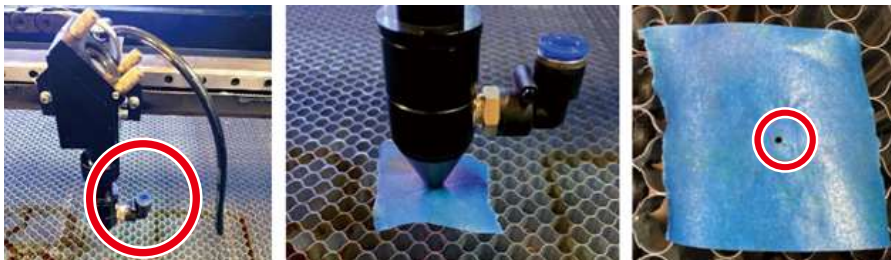
5.4.3 2nd Mirror Alignment

After ensuring the laser is well aligned between the 1st and 2nd mirrors, check the alignment between the 2nd and 3rd mirrors. Repeat the steps and adjustments above, taking care to use the tape on the mirror's frame and not its surface.



5.4.4 3rd Mirror Alignment

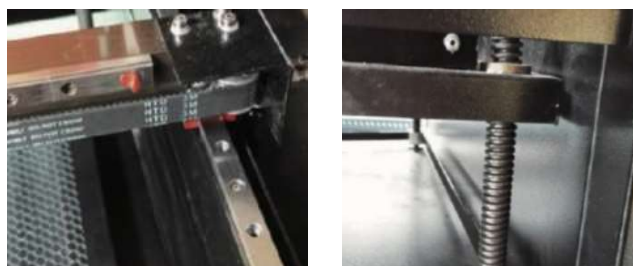
After ensuring the laser is well aligned between the 2nd and 3rd mirrors, check the alignment between the 3rd mirror and the workbed. First, unplug the air assist hose from the laser head. Then, place a piece of tape across the bottom of the laser head and press it onto the nozzle with some force. This will leave a ring mark that can help you check the accuracy. Repeat the steps from §5.4.1. If the laser is not centered through the laser head, adjust the 3rd mirror's set screws accordingly as in §5.4.2. Test again until the beam is well aligned and retighten the nuts on the set screws.



When the laser is well centered along the entire path from the tube to the workbed, your laser mirrors are all correctly calibrated and (assuming they are clean) performing at optimum efficiency.


5.5 Lubrication Instructions

For best results, clean and lubricate the engraver's guide rails every two weeks. Turn off the laser engraver. Gently move the laser head out of the way. Wipe away all dust and debris along the X and Y axis rails with a dry cotton cloth until they are shiny and clean. Do the same to the Z axis screws. Lubricate both the rails and screws with white lithium grease. Gently move the laser head and X axis to distribute the lubricant evenly along both rails and raise and lower the bed to distribute the lubricant evenly along the screws.



5.6 Parts Replacement

The engraver should not be modified or disassembled by anyone except trained and skilled professionals, but some consumable parts may require replacement after prolonged use. Be sure only to use identical or compatible replacement parts with this engraver. Contact your vendor or our technicians if you have any questions about fitment. Using incompatible components is highly dangerous and waives all the manufacturer's liability for any damage or injury caused.

 **ALWAYS** completely disconnect the engraver from its power supply before replacing any parts.

Take special care when replacing the laser tube or its power supply, as both have extremely high voltage connections. If you replace the power supply with an identical model, you will be able to use the same screw terminal blocks as a unit. If you change to a different laser power supply, refer to the following diagram:



FG: Ground Wire for the Mains and Case

AC1: Neutral Wire to the Main Power

AC2: Live Input from the Main Power

H: Connection for Active-High Devices

L: Connection for Active-Low Devices (like this machine)

P: Line to the Trigger, Water, & Other Systems (like the door switch)

G: Ground Wire for the Control System, PWM Level Shifters, Potentiometers, &c.

IN: Input Power for PWM Level Shifters or Potentiometers

5V: 5V Connection for Digital Signals



5.7 Disposal



Electrical products should not be disposed of with household products. In the EU and UK, according to the European Directive 2012/19/EU for the disposal of electrical and electronic equipment and its implementation in national laws, used electrical products must be collected separately and disposed of at the collection points provided for this purpose. Locations in Australia, Canada, and the United States may have similar regulations. Contact your local authorities or dealer for disposal and recycling advice.

Contact Us

Thank you for choosing our laser equipment for your home or shop! For a .pdf copy of the latest version of this manual, use the appropriate app on your smartphone or other device to scan the QR code to the right.

Come join the OMTech community at our official laser group on Facebook or visit the company forums at omtechlaser.com! Check our YouTube channel for helpful hints and instructional videos. If you encounter any problem regarding your engraver, do not hesitate to contact customer service with your order number at help@cs-supportpro.com or techsupport@omtechlaser.com. Our teams will respond within 24 hours to make things right. You can also reach us Monday to Friday at (949) 539-0458 between 8 am and 4:30 pm PST.



Thank you and we hope you will choose us again for all your laser needs!

